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AND NORTH YORK GENERAL INTELLIGENCER AND ADVERTISER.

"GIVE ME THE LIBERTY TO KNOW, TO UTTER, AND TO ARGUE FREELY, ACCORDING TO CONSCIENCE, ABOVE ALL OTHER LIBERTY."

VOL. X. NO. 40. NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1861. WHOLE NO. 418.

Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,

ARCHITECT &c., &c., Sharon, Canada West.
Sharon Jan. 25, 1856. tf-51

T. Bishop & Son,

BRICK-LAYERS, Plasterers and Stone Masons. Dealers in Lime, &c. &c.
Newmarket, May 7, 1857. tf-14

A. Boultbee,

BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Newmarket.
Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1860. tf-35

R. Moore,

BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney, Conveyancer, &c. Office—in the New Court House, next to the County Council Office, Toronto.
Toronto, June 5, 1859.

John R. Jones,

BARRISTER-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., &c. Office in Elgin Buildings, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.
Toronto, June 20, 1855. ly-23

North Richardson,

CONVEYANCER Land Agent, &c.—Commissioner in the Queen's Bench. Office—*Old Stand: Prospect St. Patents for Inventions procured.*
Newmarket, 1855. tf-1

William B. Sullivan,

BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c. Office—No. 2 Toronto-st., second door south of Post Office, Toronto, C. W.
November 4th, 1860. tf-38

James W. Severs,

ATTORNEY at Law, Solicitor in Chancery Conveyancer, &c., Toronto, C.W. ☞ Office—Adelaide-st., opposite Court House.
August 2nd, 1860. tf-25

T. H. Bull,

BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c. Office—Petche's Buildings, No. 26, North Side of Adelaide Street, East of Yonge Street.
Toronto, Oct. 11, 1860. ly35

Dr. Pyne,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, respectfully informs the public, that he has removed to his new premises on Gerrard St., opposite the Woollen Factory, where he may be consulted at all hours, except when absent on professional business.
Newmarket, May 14, 1858. tf-15

Dr Hackett,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., residence—Prospect Street, (Garbutt Hill.) Newmarket. tf-26

Dr Hillary,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c. residence—First Brick House North of Mr. Doan's, Aurora.
Aurora, Oct. 11, 1860. ly35

Professional Notice.

DR. HUNTER begs leave to announce to the inhabitants of Newmarket, and surrounding country, that he has resumed the practice of his profession in all its branches. Office at his residence, Timothy Street.—Consultation hours from 9 to 11 o'clock, A.M.
Newmarket, May 17, 1860. tf-14

Walter B. Geikie, M. D.,

LICENTIATE of the Medical Board of Upper Canada, and recently one of the Medical officers of the Toronto General hospital, and Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in Dr. Rolph's Medical School, has returned to Aurora, and re-taken his former residence on Yonge street, where he may be consulted at all times, on the various branches of his profession.
Aurora, Dec 15, '59 tf-41

R. Ramsey, M.D.L.M. Edinburg,

GRADUATE (with honors) of the University of Queen's College, Kingston, C. W. *Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.*
☞ RESIDENCE—BROWNSVILLE. ☜
May 22nd, '61. tf-15

International
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON,

CAPITAL—Half-a-Million Sterling.
ROBERT H. SMITH, Agent.
Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1860. tf-41

John T. Stokes,

COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in the Court of Queen's Bench for the Counties of York and Peel, Conveyancer, &c., Sharon, C. W.
June 3, 1859. tf-16

Wm. Mosley,

CONVEYANCER and Land Agent, Commission in the Queen's Bench. Office on Yonge Street.
Aurora, 25th May 1855. tf-17

John Saxton,

WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order and Warranted.
Newmarket, Sep. 9, 1860. tf-32

Bible Depository.

BIBLES and Testaments can be had at Society's prices, upon application to Thos. Nixon, at the Bible Depository, opposite Railroad Hotel.
Newmarket, Mar. 26, 1859. tf-10

George B. Hutcheroft,

WAGON, Carriage and Sleigh Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All orders executed with Despatch.
Newmarket, Feb. 6, 185 . tf-v5n1

Dr. Bentley,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Newmarket. Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street.
Feb 20, 1857. tf-3

Albion Hotel,
EAST MARKET SQUARE,
TORONTO,

SMITH, - - PROPRIETOR.
Toronto, December 19, 1860 ly45

W. LEADBETTER,

TAILOR,

Main Street, Newmarket.

August 23, 1861. tf-29

Business Directory.

Dr. McCallum,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur.—Residence, Mount Albert, Township of East Gwillimbury.
August 1st, 1861. tf-25

C. Mortimer,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Aurora. A fresh supply of Drugs, Chemicals, Medicines, &c. &c.
Aurora, March 16, '60. tf-5

RAILROAD HOTEL,
NEWMARKET.

MRS. J. FORSYTH, PROPRIETRESS.

Omnibus to and from Cars, Free.
Newmarket, March 27, 1861. tf-7

COMMERCIAL HOTEL
(LATE MAY'S OLD STAND.)
BY HENRY CROXON.
HOLLAND LANDING.

THESE premises have lately been thoroughly renovated and re-fitted for the accommodation of guests.
N. B.—Good Stabling and a careful hostler always in attendance.
Holland Landing, March 16, 1860. tf-5

H. Noble, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Sharon, C. W.
Feb. 23, '60. y9n2

T. H. Ince,

BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, &c. &c. N. B.—Money to loan in sums to suit borrowers. Office—York Chambers, opposite the Post Office, Toronto, C. W.
Feb. 20, '61. ly2

WELLINGTON HOTEL,
AURORA!

GEO. L. GRAHAM—PROPRIETOR.

THIS Hotel is beautifully situated near the Aurora Station, and has recently been refitted for the accommodation of guests.
A careful Hostler always in Attendance!
Aurora, April 9, 1861. tf-9

Magistrate's Blanks

OF all description, on hand for sale. Apply at the *NEW ERA OFFICE.*
Newmarket, June 9, '56.

Mr. McMurray's
Law, Chancery and Conveyancing Office,
NOTARY PUBLIC, COMMISSIONER, &c.

OFFICE—Opposite the Post Office, Main Street, Newmarket, C. W.
Agent for the Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.
A large amount of Money on hand for investment.
Newmarket, Oct 2, 1861. tf-31

Alfred Willson, Jr.,

COMMISSIONER in Queen's Bench, Conveyancer, Land Agent, &c., &c.—Office, Main Street.
Newmarket, Aug. 22, 1861. tf-22

Geo. Wallace,

BARBER, Hairdresser, &c., begs respectfully to intimate that he has returned to Newmarket, and opened a Shop in the building formerly occupied by the *New Era* Printing Office, Corner of Mill and Main Streets, where he is prepared to wait upon all who may favor him with a call. Razors, Scissors, Knives, &c., ground and set on the shortest notice. All work warranted. A call respectfully solicited.
Newmarket, July 17, '61. tf-49

R. B. Joy,

BARBER, Hairdresser, &c., Main-St. Newmarket. Razors, Scissors, Knives, &c., ground and set on the shortest notice.
Newmarket, Nov. 15, '60. tf-40

Dr. D. E. Seymour,

HOMŒOPATHIC Physician. Office—West side Main-st., near the *New Era* building, Newmarket, C. W.
July 7, '59. tf-21

Benj. Pearson,

COMMISSIONER in the Queen's Bench, Conveyancer, &c. &c. Agent for the Provincial Insurance Company. Office on Yonge Street.
Aurora, May 2, '61. tf-12

S. H. Jarvis,

BARRISTER and Solicitor in Chancery, Toronto-st., Toronto. Branch Office—Newmarket. Has removed his office from Main-st. to Ontario-st, Newmarket, where the business will be conducted as usual, by Mr. J. L. Campbon.
Newmarket, April 4, '61. tf-61

Matthews & Maclean,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS
OLD CORN EXCHANGE,
FRONT STREET, TORONTO.

ADVANCES made on *FLOUR, GRAIN, HOGS, BUTTER,* or other produce, consigned to us, or to
David E. McLean & Co., Montreal.
Dec. 14, 1860. ly-45.

HALLEN AND WILLSON,
CIVIL ENGINEERS,
AND
Provincial Land Surveyors.

THE Subscribers beg to announce that, having entered into co-partnership, and being supplied with the most accurate instruments, they are now prepared to take orders in their respective branches; and hope by a strict regard to accuracy and despatch, and a close general attention to business to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage.
With a view to meeting the exigencies of the times when three or more neighbors will join in having their lines run at the same time the unusually low rate of $3 00 (three dollars) per mile run, will in general be adhered to, Reserving, however, the right to decide from local circumstances whether such lines shall be run by the piece or by the day.
Mr. HALLEN will be at Sutton the first Tuesday in September, at Bondhead the first Tuesday in October, at Brownsville the first Tuesday in November, and at Stouffville the first Tuesday in December, 1861, at each of which places he will remain a few days.
S. W. HALLEN. ALFRED WILLSON, Jr.
Newmarket, Aug. 12th, 1861.

Business Directory.

J. W. KEETON,
Watch and Clock Maker,
FROM ENGLAND,

Begs respectfully to announce to the citizens of
NEWMARKET,
And surrounding country, that he has opened a shop in the building adjoining Mr Hutchcroft's Wheelright Shop, where he hopes by strict attention to business, and
LOW CHARGES
To merit and receive a share of public patronage.
☞ Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, and all kinds of Fancy Articles carefully repaired and Warranted.
The best reference can be given on application.
Newmarket, Nov. 16, '60. tf-40

Newmarket Iron Foundry.

JAMES ALLAN begs to return thanks for past favors, and to intimate that he is prepared to cast Stoves, Sugar Kettles, Machine Castings, and other articles usually required in his line of business. A number of Sugar Kettles, Stoves and Plows, on hand for sale.
Newmarket, Feb 19, '60. tf-1

Dentistry!

DR. S. N. PECK.

SURGEON DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY announces that he will be in
NEWMARKET—the first three days of each month.
BRADFORD—the fourth of each month.
BOND HEAD—The 6th and 7th of May, July, September, November, January.
BROWNSVILLE—The 8th and 9th of the same months. When he will be most happy to wait upon those who require his services in any of the
BRANCHES of his PROFESSION,
Or make good any operation previously warranted.
Dr. S. N. P., for the future intends to work cheaper than any other Dentist in the Province.
Teeth Inserted on Gold or Silver Plate or Vulcanized Rubber
Teeth Extracted with the least possible pain, and particular attention paid to the Regulation of Children's Teeth.
Newmarket, May 5th, '60. tf-12

DENTISTRY!

W. C. ADAMS, D. D. S.,
Surgeon Dentist, 99 King Street East, Toronto, C. W.

PARTICULAR attention given to the regulation of *Children's Teeth.* Consultation free, and all work warranted.
Dr. A. has turned his attention to the improvements of his profession in all its branches, and can supply the profession with Teeth, Gold, Vulcanized Apparatus, and Vulcanite Rubber, and the best Bone filling.
Mineral Teeth mounted on Gold, Silver, or Vulcanized Rubber, with Continuous Gums, which are warranted to give entire satisfaction.
Toronto, July 23, '60. tf-23

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,
BY THE USE ON ELECTRICITY,
BY DR. E. C. EDMONDS,
SURGEON DENTIST,

WHO will be at the *NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL,* Newmarket, the 1st Tuesday of each Month.
SHARON—First Wednesday in each month.
BRADFORD—First Thursday in each month.
BROWNSVILLE—28th and 29th of each month.
Teeth Inserted on Gold, Silver, or Vulcanized Rubber.
All operations in his profession, performed in the most approved manner, and Warranted.
Residence:—AURORA, C. W.
E. C. EDMONDS.
Aurora, Nov. 4, '59. tf-38

V. R. C. W. TAYLOR,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Member of the Royal College of V. S.

IN returning thanks for the liberal encouragement heretofore received, begs to intimate that he is now prepared to treat all
DISEASES OF ANIMALS
At his own stables on the shortest notice, and can with confidence warrant a cure in all cases within the reach of medical skill and treatment
Residence,—Near the Eagle Hotel.
☞ N. B.—No charge for Stabling.
Newmarket, July 3, 1861. tf-21

SIMPSON and DUNSPAUGH,
No. 35, King-St. East, Toronto.

IMPORTERS, Wholesale and Retail dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
Paints, Oils Dye-Stuffs,
Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Spirits Turpentine, Patent Dryer, Zinc Paints, Artists' Materials, Essences, Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods Perfumery, &c. &c.
October 25, 1861. tf 37

ADAM WILSON,
Barrister, &c.,
King-Street West
TORONTO.
Toronto, Oct. 31, 1861. ly-38

E. D. Rogers,
JOINER & CARPENTER,

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage conferred since commencing business in this place, would respectfully intimate that he is prepared to contract for the
ERECTION OF BUILDINGS,
of all descriptions—and furnish materials or otherwise, as may be agreed upon. He keeps constantly on hand, a good supply of Sash and Doors. All orders executed in a neat and substantial manner and with despatch.
Newmarket, Sept. 24, 1857. ly31

Old Established Black Bull Inn,
NO. 255, QUEEN ST., TORONTO.

JOHN PURDY, - - PROPRIETOR.

J. P. WOULD particularly invite gentlemen and farmers visiting Toronto to give him a call, as he has spared no expense in refitting up the above establishment for the general comfort of his guests. Good stabling and every accommodation for horses.
☞ TERMS EXTREMELY MODERATE. ☜
Toronto, Jan'y 22, '61. tf-50

Poetry.

The Independent Farmer.

Let sailors sing of the windy deep,
Let soldiers praise their armour,
But in my heart this boast I'll keep,
The Independent Farmer.
When first the rose in robe of green
Unfolds its crimson lining,
And 'round his cottage porch is seen
The honeysuckle twining.
When banks of bloom their sweetness yield
To bees that gather honey,
He drives his team across the field,
Where skies are soft and sunny.
The blackbird chucks behind the plow,
The quail pipes loud and clearly,
Yon orchard hides behind its bough
The home he loves so dearly;
The grey old barn whose doors unfold
His ample store in measure,
More rich than heaps of hoarded gold,
A precious, blessed treasure;
But yonder in the porch there stands
His wife, the lovely charmer,
The sweetest rose on all his lands—
The Independent Farmer.
To him the Spring comes dancingly,
To him the Summer blushes,
The Autumn smiles with yellow ray;
He sleeps, old Winter hushes.
He cares not how the world may move,
No doubts or fears confound him;
His little flocks are linked in love,
And household angels round him;
He trusts in God and loves his wife,
Nor griefs nor ills may harm her;
He's Nature's nobleman in life—
The Independent Farmer.

Literature.

The Queen's Crown.

The imperial state crown of her Majesty Queen Victoria, was made by Messrs. Rundell and Bridge in the year 1838, with jewels taken from old crowns, and others furnished by command of her Majesty. It consists of diamonds, pearls, rubbies, sapphires, and emerals, set in silver and gold; it has a crimson velvet cap, with ermine border, and is lined with white silk. Its gross weight is 39oz. 5pwts. troy. The lower part of the band, above the ermine border, consists of a row of 112 pearls, between which, in front of the crown, is a large sapphire, partly drilled, purchased for the crown by his Majesty King George IV. At the back is a sapphire of smaller size, and six other sapphires three on each side, between which are eight emeralds. Above and below the seven sapphires are fourteen diamonds, and around the eight emeralds 128 diamonds. Between the emeralds and sapphires are 16 trefoil ornaments, containing 160 diamonds. Above the band are eight sapphires surmounted by eight diamonds, between which are eight festoons consisting of 148 diamonds. In the front of the crown, and in the centre of a diamond Maltese cross, is the famous ruby said to have been given to Edward Prince of Wales, son of Edward III., called the Black Prince, by Don Pedro, King of Castile, after the battle of Najera, near Vittoria, A.D. 1367. This ruby was worn in the helmet of Henry V., at the battle of Agincourt, A. D. 1415. It is pierced quite through after the Eastern custom, the upper part of the piercing being filled up by a small ruby. Around this ruby, to form the cross, are 75 brilliant diamonds. Between the four Maltese crosses are four ornaments in the form of the French fleur de-lis, with four rubies in the centres, and surrounded by rose diamonds, containing respectively 85, 86, and 87 rose diamonds. From the Maltese crosses issue four imperial arches composed of oak leaves and acorns, the leaves containing 728 rose, table, and brilliant diamonds, containing 54 rose diamonds and one table diamond. The total number of diamonds in the arches and acorns is 108 brilliants, 116 table, and 559 rose diamonds. From the upper part of the arches are suspended four large pendant pear-shaped pearls, with rose diamond caps, containing 24 very small rose diamonds. Above the arch stands the mound, containing in the lower hemisphere 304 brilliants, and in the upper 244 brilliants; the zone being composed of 33 rose diamonds. The cross on the summit has a rose cut sapphire in the centre, surrounded by four large brilliants, and 108 smaller brilliants. Summary of jewels composed in the crown:—1 large ruby irregularly polished, 1 large broad spread sapphire, 16 sapphires, 11 emeralds, 4 rubies, 1,363 brilliant diamonds, 1,273 rose diamonds, 4 drop shaped pearls, 273 pearls.

How the Eye is Swept and Washed.

For us to be able to see objects clearly and distinctly, it was necessary that the eye should be kept moist and clean. For this purpose it is furnished with a little gland, from which flows a watery fluid (tears) which is spread over the eye by the lid, and is afterwards swept off by it, and runs through a hole in the bone to the inner surface of the nose, where the warm air, passing over it while breathing, evaporates it. It is remarkable that no such glands can be found in the eyes of fish, as the element in which they live answers the same purpose. If the eye had not been furnished with a liquid to wash it, and a lid to sweep it off, things would appear as they do when we look through a dusty glass. Along the edges of the eyelid there are a great number of little tubes or glands from which flows an oily substance, which flows over the surface of the skin, and thus prevents the edges from becoming sore or irritated, and it also helps to keep the tears within the lid. There are also six little muscles attached to the eye, which enables us to move it in every direction; and when we consider the different motions they are capable of giving to the eyes, we cannot but admire the goodness of Him who formed them, and has thus saved us the trouble of turning our heads every time we wish to view an object. Although the eyes of some animals are incapable of motion, as the fly, the beetle, and several other insects, yet the Creator has shown His wisdom and goodness in furnishing their eyes with thousands of little globes, and by placing their eyes in front of their heads so that these little insects can see all around them without turning their heads. A gentleman who has examined the eyes of a fly, says that the two eyes of a common one are composed of 8000 little globes, through every one of which it is capable of forming an object. Having prepared the eye of the fly for the purpose, and place it before the microscope and then looked through both, in the manner of the telescope, at a steeple which was 229 feet high, and 750 feet distant, he says, he could plainly see through every little hemisphere, the whole steeple inverted or turned upside down.

The Chancery Suit.

IN RE—WILLIAM MCMASTER VS. THE CORPORATION OF THE VILLAGE OF NEWMARKET.

S. M. Jarvis obtained a *rule nisi* to quash By-law Nos. 68 and 69 of the Corporation of Newmarket, on the following grounds:

1st. That they are by-laws for raising money upon the credit of the Municipality, and for constructing debts not payable within the present municipal year—not required for its ordinary expenditure, and have not received the assent of the electors of the Municipality.

2d. They do not name a day in the financial year when the same shall take effect.

3d. They do not name a day when the debts thereby created shall become payable.

4th. No special rate is settled to be levied for paying the debt to be created, nor the amount to be levied annually.

5th. The amount of the ratable property in the Corporation for the year 1861 is not ascertained.

6th. The by-laws do not show the amount of the rate in the dollar to be levied by the Corporation for the year 1861, nor that such rate will not exceed the rate of five cents in the dollar.

7th. They do not contain the recitals required by the Municipal Corporation Act, 22 Vic., ch. 54, sec. 222.

8th. A by-law for a similar purpose was was rejected by the rate-payers of the village.

By-law No. 68 was passed on 5th August, 1861, and is entitled By-law for purchasing site for Town Hall. It recites that it is necessary the Corporation should purchase a piece of land whereon to erect a Town Hall, and that a certain piece can be bought from Moses W. Bogart for $250, and enacts, first, that the Corporation do purchase the said parcel of land for $250, to be used as a site for a Town Hall; second, that the Reeve shall issue his draft to the said Moses W. Bogart for $250, so soon as he shall have properly conveyed and assured the said parcel of land to the Corporation, payable the first day of November, 1861.

By-law No 69 was passed on the same day, and is entitled By-law for erecting a Town Hall. It recites that the inhabitants of Newmarket are desirous of erecting a Town Hall, that the Corporation are about purchasing a site for such hall, and that it appears there will be a large surplus in the hands of the Corporation after paying for the site and paying the ordinary expenses of the village for the year; and enacts—]

1. That the Committee appointed to obtain a site for a Town Hall, and to make the necessary arrangements for building the same, do at once proceed to erect a Hall on the land to be purchased as a site therefor.

2. That the sum of $750 be appropriated, to be expended by the Committee on the erection of the Hall.

3. That the Reeve do issue his drafts for such sums as may be required by the Committee as the work on the Hall progresses, so that the amount for which said drafts are issued shall not in the aggregate exceed $750, not payable before first November, 1861.

4. This by-law not to take effect unless the by-law for the purchase of a site pass.

An affidavit of a resident and rate-payer of the village of Newmarket was filed, stating that a by-law was prepared by the Council of the Corporation of that village in June, 1861, for raising by loan $4600 upon interest, payable within fourteen years, to be applied in the purchase of a site and the erection of a Town Hall and Market in the said village—a copy of which is annexed to the affidavit—which by-law, on 9th June, 1861, was put to the vote of the electors, and was rejected by a majority of eighty-five out of one hundred and nine voters—only twelve voting for it. That three of the Council, being a majority, passed By-laws Nos. 68 and 69, the other two members opposing them. That neither of these by-laws were submitted to the electors, and they were passed in defiance of a petition signed by a very large majority of the electors.

That at the time the affidavit was sworn, (29th August, 1861,) the assessment roll had never finally been revised, nor had any estimates of the ordinary expenditure of the Corporation for the current year been prepared or submitted to the Council, and no rate had been settled for the payment of the ordinary expenditure, nor had any special or other rate been imposed for discharging the debts to be created by the purchase of the site and the erection of the Town Hall. That for 1860 the whole valuable property of the village was $14,800, or thereabouts, and the rate levied for that year was five cents in the dollar, leaving a surplus of about $19. That the ratable property of the present year, as appears by the assessment roll as it then stood, was 17,007 27, a rate of five cents in the dollar would produce the sum of $850, or thereabouts, and the income of the said Corporation from all other sources will not exceed $700, or thereabouts; and the ordinary expenditure will amount to about $1000, as the deponent believes. That the architect had shown him the plans and specifications for the Town Hall, and had told him (deponent) that the buildings could not be completed for less than $1400, and that it was only intended to complete the external portion of the work this year.

Harrison, R. A., showed cause. He filed an affidavit of one of the Municipal Council, attacking the motive of the person whose affidavit is above set forth, and stated that the place selected by By-law No. 68 is approved by a majority of the rate-payers, who have signed a certificate to that effect. That neither of the by-laws, Nos. 68 and 69, were submitted to the rate-payers, because it was neither necessary nor proper, as the money to be expended was intended to be raised and expended within the present year, and the members of the Council who passed the by-laws, were aware that a large majority of the rate-payers were in favor of the proceedings of the Council as regarded those by-laws. That the revenues of the year will be sufficient for this purpose, without providing for all other expenditures made or contemplated. That the rate already levied is five cents in the dollar, which the deponent believed had been levied every year since the village has been incorporated. That the other sources of revenue will produce $1250 and upwards. That estimates of revenue and expenditure, for the current year have been repeatedly made by committees, [not shown what they are.] That the site of the Hall cost $250, and has been conveyed to the Corporation. That the estimate of the architect for the Hall was $750 to $800. That this expenditure will complete the Hall, so that the same will answer all the purposes of a Town Hall That certain additions will probably be made at a future day, such as a gallery and partitioning off two ante-rooms, but they are not included in the work the Council contemplates doing, though, if added, the architect estimates the whole expense at $1400 That the Council has contracted for the lumber and timber, and accepted tenders for the erection. That there will be a pecuniary advantage [explained how] resulting to the corporation if the Hall is up and enclosed this autumn. That the drafts are not made payable until the *first December*, as that the rates are not usually collected until October and November. That the principal part of the lumber and timber has been delivered, and the carpenters' work is in a forward state. Attacks the petition stated in the other affidavit to have been signed by a majority, because signatures, as the deponent believes, were obtained by misrepresentation and fraud, and many of the signers have since signed a certificate approving what the Council have done.

It would be better if the affidavits were confined to the statement of such matters of fact as have a bearing upon the question which the Court was called upon to decide. A good deal of what is above stated, and much more which is not stated, might have been omitted without injury to the real merits.

JUDGMENT.

Viewing the nature of the application and the duty of the Court respecting it, we are of opinion that the rule must be made absolute to quash the by-laws. Each of them authorize the expenditure of a considerable sum, for a purpose clearly not falling under the head of ordinary expenditure, without having money in hand to meet the demand, and without making any provision by rate or otherwise to raise the necessary amount to meet the demand, when, according to the by-laws, it will be due and ought to be paid.

It appears that the subject-matter of each of these by-laws had already been discussed, and to effect the desired objects it had been thought advisable to authorize the creation of a debt, not to fall due within the financial year. This rendered an appeal to the electors necessary, and they decided by a large majority against the proposal. The present by-laws are intended to attain the same object by a different mode, and to avoid the necessity of a reference to the electors by making the debt payable within the financial year. It is urged on behalf of the Municipality that they have hitherto been in the habit of imposing a rate of five cents in the dollar (the highest rate they have power to impose) for their ordinary expenditure, and that the produce of that rate, if again imposed for 1861, added to some other revenue, will leave a sufficient surplus to meet these new debts when they become payable.

This, however, seems open to very serious objections. There is no existing surplus shown. If there were, and this expenditure was directed by these by-laws to be made out of it, there would be no difficulty, for the objects are within the authority of the Corporation. But for all we see, there has been no by-law passed for the ordinary expenditure, and I do not see what right the Corporation have to create a surplus to be at their disposal, by raising, under the declared purpose of providing for ordinary expenditure more than is obviously or probably necessary for it. It is true that the Corporation might even yet pass a by-law authorizing a special rate to supply funds for the purposes of these two by-laws. But in the meantime the whole debt may be incurred, for the operation of these by-laws is not made contingent on the imposing a sufficient rate to raise the money, or upon the money being raised by other means. Money or no money the expenditure is directed; and thus, unless a rate be specially imposed, or under the name of ordinary expenditure a much larger sum than is necessary is raised, (if that can legally be done,) when the first of November arrives, there will be no funds to meet the Reeve's drafts for $1000, and a debt will exist which must be paid by funds to be raised during the ensuing year, though in terms made payable in the present year.

Considering the whole scope and apparent intention of the statute with regard to the incurring debts by Municipalities, we think that no expenditure for extraordinary purposes should be authorized by by-law unless it be out of unappropriated moneys on hand, or unless the by-law provides expressly for raising the necessary money, or is not to come into effect or be acted upon [illegible] some other by-law is passed making the necessary provision.

We think, therefore, this rule should be made absolute, with costs.

Foreign & Colonial.

American Revolution.

(Special to the Tribune)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.

The gleanings of the news to-day across the Potomac furnish the fact that Gen. Butterfield's foragers got thirteen wagon loads of hay two miles beyond Fall's Church, and the horses and mules in his brigade were again on full allowance, and the troops in all the camps are industriously drilled by brigades and regiments; that rumour in Alexandria has advanced the rebel pickets, or that their nearest outpost, which two days ago was fourteen miles distant, is now only eight from that city; that one of our pickets was shot by theirs this morning; that the target practice upon our pickets has been re-commenced near Munson's Hill, and that Gen. Smith and Col. Jackson are reported confined to their beds with fever.

CAIRO, Nov. 7.

An expedition left here last night under command of Gens. Grant and McClernand which landed at Belmont, Missouri, three miles above Columbus, at eight o'clock this morning. The Federal troops, numbering 3,500, engaged the rebels, about 7,000 in number, at eleven o'clock. The battle lasted till sundown. The rebels were driven from their entrenchments across the river with great loss, the camp burned, their stores with all their baggage, cannon, horses and mules and 100 prisoners taken. The Federals then retired, the rebels having received reinforcements from Columbus. Both Generals had horses shot under them. Colonel Dougherty, of Illinois, was wounded and taken prisoner. The rebel loss is not known. The Federal loss is believed to be from 300 to 500.

(Herald's Despatch.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.

The movements of the rebels on the Lower Potomac are apparently mysterious. Ten days ago they were busily engaged in increasing their forces near Shipping Point and Evansport. For the last few days they have been remarkably quiet in that locality. Not a gun had been fired from their batteries. Their blockade of the Potomac is not so complete as their batteries would render it, as vessels are nightly running the gauntlet with impunity. Another schooner ran down the river last night.

Astounding Discovery in France

The following sounds very much like the stories of the Arabian Nights, or Sinbad the Sailor, but as it comes from a respectable source we give it for what it is worth:

It has been a great mystery to English bankers and to the Directors of the Bank of England, how the bullion Bank of France could be so greatly increased within the last three years, while the institution has been constantly sending gold to England, to Germany and America. Not long since the Bank of France drew some fifteen million francs in silver from the Bank of England, which it paid for in gold bars, with the French Mint stamp on them. At its last report it showed a balance of one hundred and seventeen millions francs in gold, while the amount one year ago was under eighty millions—nearly one-third increase. It is whispered that this abundance of gold is the result of a scientific discovery, which the Emperor Napoleon secured the monopoly of. Gold is at the present moment manufactured in Paris in a secret manner. The principle articles used are lead and arsenic; and, though it is not known how extensively the precious metal is produced, yet several hundred weight of the material are taken to a certain place on the first of each month. Everything is conducted with the utmost secrecy. None of the workmen are allowed to leave, and nothing definite can be known; but the fact that gold is produced is beyond peradventure. How long Napoleon III will be able to keep his wonderful secret remains to be seen.—*Banker's Reporter.*

The Wild Men of Borneo.

The most wondrous link in the chain of animated nature that has ever fallen to our lot to witness, is now on exhibition in a building in the Town Hall, Yorkville.—The gap between the Gorilla and the most perfect specimens of the human family is filled up completely by the race—if race there be—to which the men referred belong to. So far as we have been able to discover, but a very slight shade of the lower animal pervades their organization. They are white skinned, with long, fair hair, and features by no means irregular. Their limbs are well formed, and their foreheads far from retreating in that degree which indicates the absence of intellect. In fact, their whole anatomy is human, and their intelligence although of no high order, is sufficiently marked to bring them within the pale of responsible beings They are about three and a half feet high, and slenderly though muscularly built. In this latter relation, their strength is almost superhuman. Either of them, although weighing but forty pounds, will, at the same moment, lift two large men off the floor, and that with the greatest ease, and by simply pressing his wrists against the hips of his burden. The smaller of the two is far more sociable than his companion, who appears morose and restless. He is ever ready to smile upon the fairer portion of his visitors. He invariably shakes hands with every lady that enters the room, and thinks no "small beer" [illegible] of. It is thought [illegible] they are close upon ten years of age. We trust that some traveller may be able ere long, to lay before the world something more definite as to the origin' habits and destiny of their race in the great island where they were captured some years ago.—*Leader.*

☞ The Grand Duke Constantine of Russia is on his way from the Crimea to England, to complete his studies on the British Navy."

☞ G. B. Lyon Fellowes has been fined $10 and costs by the Recorder of Ottawa city, for a brutal assault on Dr. R. Hunter.

☞ The wheat harvest has been most abundant in Hungary this year, and enormous quantities are being sent off by railroad to Western Europe.

☞ The Woodstock *Times* says that Mr. Ritchie of Simcoe will probably be the Ministerial candidate for Erie Division. He is a coalition Tory of the most unscrupulous stamp.

☞ The electors of West Brant recently gave a public dinner to their representative in Parliament, the Rev. Wm. Ryerson. This gentleman stated that he should support the present government with all his power.

☞ Application will be made at the next session of Parliament for an act to revive the charter authorizing the construction of a railway from Stratford, in the county of Perth, to Saugeen, in the county of Bruce, with branches to Kincardine and Owen Sound.

THE PROGRESS OF CANADA.—The Toronto papers report the death, at Goderich, on the 26th ult., of Mr. Joseph Barry. He was the first white male child born in Little York. Mr. Barry was only 65 years old when he died, yet Little York has already grown to be the city of Toronto, with 45 000 inhabitants.

☞ Loftus Otway, British Consul-General at Milan, recently died, it is said, of a broken heart. He was once minister plenipotentiary to Mexico, but for an error of judgment was recalled by Lord John Russell, and an inferior station given. The disgrace was felt so keenly that he could not survive it.

☞ We learn from the Quebec *Chronicle* that the Commissioner of Crown Lands was to leave on Saturday last for England, by the Canadian steamer, to confer with the British Government on the subject of the Intercolonial Railway and other matters affecting the public interests of Canada.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—It is our painful duty this week to record one of the most destructive fires which has ever occurred in Brampton. On Saturday morning, about three o'clock, a fire broke out in the cabinet warehouse of Mr. Thomas McIlroy, and before any check could be made to its progress, it obtained full possession of the building, which was filled with furniture of a very combustible description.—*Times.*

☞ The Montreal *Advertiser* states that before the close of navigation this season the magazines at Quebec will be filled with an amount of military stores greater than they have ever held before, and with arms cannon, and equipments for an army of 100 000 men, and ammunition sufficient for a war of three years' duration.

THE LATE AMERICAN CONSUL AT HALIFAX.—A private letter, published in the Boston *Transcript*, shows that Mr. Albert Pilsbury, for eight years American Consul at Halifax, has been removed not a day too soon. He is now acting as agent for the Confederates, purchasing assorted cargoes of warlike munitions, and then dispatches to try and run the blockade. One of his ventures, the Argyle, sailed from Halifax a few days since, with a cargo valued at $100,000, and another is about ready to leave, with one hundred barrels of powder packed in codfish drums.

SINGULAR DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—The Guelph *Herald*, in its obituary notice of G. M. Keeling, Esq., editor and proprietor of the Wellington *Mercury*, says:—There was a social tea-meeting in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, on Thursday evening, and Mr. Keeling occupied his usual place in the Choir. In accompanying the choir on the bass viol in the *finale* "Good Night, My Friends," Mr. Keeling found he was losing the use of his left hand. He managed to get through the piece, but on being removed to his house in the vicinity of the chapel, it was ascertained that paralysis of the entire left side had ensued, accompanied or preceded by apoplexy of the brain, and before next day death had ensued.

IMMENSE SUPPLIES NEEDED.—A few facts and figures will serve to show the extent of transportation required to supply the army of the Potomac with provisions and accoutrements of war. Upwards of two hundred cars arrive daily, loaded with supplies. Until recently one thousand horses per day arrived here; now the number is reduced to two hundred, the Government having stopped buying. The freight agent informs me that there are nearly two miles of cars on the track in this city, filled with freight, and waiting to be unloaded. The Express Company is doing an immense business, and it is difficult to get at packages after they are brought here within any reasonable time.

New Advertisements.

Removal—Dr. Hillary.
County Grammar School—S. A. Marling.
Law Partnership—McNab & McDougall.
Notice and Caution—Owen Casey.
Money! Money!—Alfred Willson, Jr.
Hides and Skins—A. Borngasser.
Notice—David Richardson
Sons, Temperance of Canada West—E. Stacey.
Pork! Pork!—Jas. Nixon.
Oysters! Oysters!—Jas. Nixon.
School Teacher Wanted—T. Wesley.

Train Time—Newmarket.

To commence on Monday September 2nd.

MOVING SOUTH.

Express Train	8,42 a.m.
Mail Train do.,	6,26 p.m.

MOVING NORTH.

Mail Train	9,10 a.m
Express Train do.,	6,00 p.m

The Newmarket Era.

Newmarket Friday Nov'r 15th, 1861.

General Summary.

☞ A special meeting of the Council of the United Counties of York and Peel will be held on Tuesday the 26th inst.

☞ We are indebted to ADAM WILSON, Esq., M. P., for a copy of the Journals and other parliamentary documents. When opportunity offers we shall refer to them at more length.

☞ It is currently reported that our friends at Holland Landing, finding the working of their corporation a failure, are about taking steps to become re-united with the Township of East Gwillimbury. Aurora, on the other hand, is thinking of separation, so we learn.

☞ King Township Council held a Session, on Wednesday last, at Mr. LAWRENCE's Hotel, Laskey. As the chief matter under consideration was of considerable importance, we defer the report till next week, in order to be able to give it more at length.

Presentation to Rev. Mr. Ramsay.

Availing ourself of a polite invitation, we had the pleasure of witnessing a presentation, at the parsonage, Newmarket, to Rev. SEPTIMUS F. RAMSAY, from his late parishioners at Holland Landing.—The deputation consisted of Mr. Barwick, Mr. Parsons, (Churchwarden,) Mr. McClure, and seven or eight others. Several of Mr. Ramsay's most intimate friends from his congregation at Newmarket, were also present. The donation consisted of a Clock, set in an artistic and exceedingly well wrought and burnished case—covered with a glass casement—manufactured at the establishment of Mr. J. E. Ellis, King Street, Toronto. It was certainly a presentation of which any man might well feel proud. On the party assembling, Mr. Barwick presented the following:—

ADDRESS.

To the Rev. Septimus F. Ramsay, Rector of Newmarket, Whitchurch, C. W.

REVEREND AND DEAR SIR: With feelings of deep regret, we are this day assembled to take "farewell" of you as Minister of Christ Church, Holland Landing, after you have so ably for the last fourteen years performed, almost without an omission, every Sunday, the services of the Church of England.

The small remuneration that you have ever received for your valuable services could offer but little inducement for you to remain amongst us, and we extremely regret that it is not now in our power to afford you some pecuniary remuneration for your untiring attendance; also do we regret that the testimonial that we have this day the honor of offering for your acceptance, is not more worthy than it is; still we trust that you will receive it as a sincere, though humble mark of our regard and respect for you and your amiable family; and though trifling, when you leave this world of trial and care, it may fall to your talented sons, and be treasured by them as a token of respect paid to their worthy and highly gifted father for services rendered in the highest calling that man can perform in this world. That you and your family may enjoy many years of uninterrupted health, and that you may all be happy and blessed unto the end, is the earnest prayer of the undersigned members of your late Congregation.

JOS. BARWICK,
JAMES MCCLURE,
JOHN PARSONS, and 18 others.

Holland Landing, Oct. 31, 1861.

The Rev. SEPTIMUS F. RAMSAY, M. A., rose to reply, and said:

GENTLEMEN: I receive your address, and its accompanying beautiful and costly testimonial, with mingled feelings of gratitude, of pleasure, and of pain;—with gratitude, for your kind expressions of personal regard; with pleasure, on our assembling together on this joyous occasion; with pain, because connected with my separation from you, accompanied with a deep sense of my own unworthiness, and on account of my many short comings, and the imperfect and disjointed character of my ministerial services—in part unavoidably arising from the impossibility of properly discharging my sacred duties over so wide a field as the whole of these two townships. There is, however, one feature of my ministrations to which I can look back upon without the least of self-reproach, and that is, it was ever my sincere and earnest prayer to proclaim unto you the whole counsel of God, and I determined to know nothing among you save Jesus Christ and Him crucified; and there is reason to believe that the word spoken has been blessed—so that I have not been without seals to my ministry at Christ Church, Holland Landing. I have not sought earthly distinction or this world's applause, but the approval of my Saviour and my God. Had other objects been in my view, I should have sought, and might possibly have obtained them elsewhere. Had I so chosen, in the estimation of the world, a more prominent position in the Church would have been my lot; but my preference was given to the comparative retirement of the country.

I have been connected with this Diocese since the year 1843—ten years as Secretary in England to the Upper Canada Branch of the Venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, and for above thirteen years in this Mission—and I earnestly embrace the present opportunity of publicly testifying as to the uniform kindness and consideration which I have ever experienced at the hands of the Bishop of Toronto. On my arrival in this country in May, 1843, his Lordship offered me the choice of no less than six different Missions, one of them being the Rectory of St. George's, Toronto. I selected the one I now occupy, and have never for one moment regretted the selection then made; and from that hour to this the Bishop has ever been to me as a father and a friend. The Bishop of Toronto is one of the kindest hearted men in the world. Moreover it would be an omission, if I did not also state that my experience has been of a similar character, as to the reception I have on all occasions met with from my friend the Venerable Dr. Bethune, Archdeacon of York; and from my Brethren the Clergy, I have at all times received kindness and attention; and I believe the only fault they find with me has been, that I have not gone among them so much and so frequently as I might, and (as I ought to have done.

The leading and inducing motive for my resignation of Christ Church, Holland Landing, has been precisely similar to that which led me to resign Trinity Church, Aurora; which was of a two-fold character, viz:—my conviction of its having become absolutely necessary to take this step, in consequence of the rapid increase in the population of my respective Villages, and also my anxious desire to secure a resident Clergyman to each of my three churches, which with the blessing of God has been attained.

My christian friends, I have ministered among you for nearly thirteen years, and during that period I have made many friends, and I believe not one enemy; and nothing has ever occurred during the whole of that lengthened period, which even for a moment, had the slightest tendency to interrupt the harmony or shake the confidence which ought ever to subsist between the Pastor and his Flock; and as to the members of other christian churches, I can say with truth, as to one and all of them, that I have experienced nothing but kindness at their hands, and the invariable manifestation of christian good feeling at all times, and on all occasions.

As regards Testimonials, I fear I am somewhat of a pluralist, having been presented with no less than *Eight in number*, the aggregate value of which amounts to no less a sum than *Ten Thousand Dollars*;—four of them were [illegible] and the *same number* in this the land of my adoption; one of the finest countries on the face of the earth, the brightest jewel in the British Crown.

Only a few months have elapsed since I received an equally gratifying presentation from my highly valued friends at Aurora, and I stated then as I do now, that already on two former occasions both congregations had joined with Newmarket in presenting me with very valuable testimonials, which makes this third and separate token of your esteem, the more gratifying to Mrs. Ramsay, to myself, and to my Sons; and these mementoes of the christian kindness of my respective congregations will be handed down with pride and satisfaction unto my children's children.

I am now advancing into the seared and autumnal tinted leaf of human existence, being 55 this day; and on looking back on a somewhat prominent position and lengthened ministry, I feel persuaded that the religious principles with which I set out and from which I have never swerved, are the only principles which will bring a man peace at the last; I have ever been numbered with, and am proud to be classed among, that portion of the clergy usually denominated *Evangelical*, a title we neither reject nor assume.

I have felt myself constrained to be thus explicit, as in all human probability, this is the last testimonial of approval I shall ever receive at the hands of man, as God willing I shall spend the residue of my days at St. Paul's, Newmarket.

Gentlemen, we have sincere pleasure in entertaining you as our guests upon the present occasion, and as it was said by Socrates, on its being observed to him that his house was small, that it would be sufficiently large if filled with real friends, so can I say, that such is the case this day, and the presentation which has now taken place will ever be looked back upon by me as one of the most gratifying events in the history of my life.

After which, Mr. J. Parsons, presented Mrs. RAMSAY with a beautiful gutta-percha Port-Folio,—mounted with burnished clasps: a very useful and valuable gift.

The party then adjourned to the dining-room, and sat down to a sumptuous repast. The chair was occupied by Rev. Mr. Ramsay—supported on his right by Mr. J. McClure, and his left by Mr. Barwick. The vice-chair was filled by Dr. Ramsay, supported on the right by Mr. Jackson and on the left by N. A. Gamble, Esq.

On the removal of the cloth, the chair proposed the usual loyal toasts, which were drank with enthusiasm: each toast being announced with a few appropriate remarks.

In proposing the next toast, the Rev. Mr. Ramsay said he felt under many obligations to his friends at the Holland Landing. He left the congregation with deep regret; and while reflecting upon the kindly relations that had always subsisted between pastor and flock, he could call to mind many pleasing reminiscences. He would give them, as the next toast—"the health of Mr. Barwick, Mr. McClure and Church-Warden Parsons."—Drank amid loud cheers.

Mr. Barwick rose to reply. They had met to-day to present a testamonial to their esteemed friend, as a slight acknowledgement of the great services he had rendered the church of Holland Landing; and although not of that value they could have wished; yet the manner in which it was appreciated and the hearty way they had responded to the toast so kindly proposed by the chairman, was truly gratifying. During the many years Mr. Ramsay had officiated amongst them they had ever found him an affectionate pastor — a sympathising friend — and ready to afford advice or counsel. And when he called to mind the deep earnestness with which he (Mr. R.) had laboured in word and doctrine,—and the friendly and cordial relations that had ever been maintained, he felt that the withdrawal of Mr. Ramsay from the oversight of the Parish was a great loss. For himself, language failed him to express his gratitude, and his feelings overcame him when reflecting upon their loss. The congregation at Newmarket were, indeed, highly favored,—and while Mr. Ramsay laboured amongst them, he hoped they would give earnest heed to the word of eternal life he so faithfully declared—the principles of which, by following would lead to eternal joys. (Applause.)

Mr. Barwick in a few complimentary remarks, proposed the health of Mrs. Ramsay. Drank with great enthusiasm.

Mr. Ramsay replied—thanking them for the manner in which they had received the toast, and referred to the deep interest she had ever manifested towards the good friends at the Landing—entering with cheerfulness upon any plan proposed for their advancement and prosperity. (Cheers.)

The Chairman next gave—The Church-Wardens of Newmarket. He could not forget old friends from whom he had received so many proofs of kindness.—Drank with enthusiasm.

N. A. Gamble, Esq., responded—trusting that union of sentiment and feeling would continue to prevail between pastor and people. (Cheers.)

At this stage of the proceedings, the vice-chairman, Dr. Ramsay, was obliged to leave: his brother, however, Mr. Allan Ramsay, filled it with ability, the remainder of the afternoon, and proposed, as the first toast "The Press," coupled with the name of Mr. Jackson. (Cheers.)

Mr. Jackson briefly replied, thanking them for the honor, and expressing his satisfaction at being present on so interesting and pleasing an occasion.

The vice-chair next gave—"Our Newmarket friends," accompanied with the name of Col. Beresford. (Applause.)

Col. Beresford briefly responded. He could bear his testimony along with the friends at Holland Landing, to the zeal, ability and courtesy of their esteemed pastor.

Dr. Pyne rose to propose the next toast, and he was sure it was one they would all heartily join him in drinking. He had known Mr. Ramsay for many years, both in this and the mother country; and well did he recollect when that gentleman made his annual rounds to Waterford. No clergyman of the parish in which he resided was more highly esteemed or more generally beloved. Subsequently Mr. Ramsay used to come and talk to them about the necessity of contributing to the Canadian Missions; but on arriving in this country he (Dr. P.) thought the people better able to contribute towards the support of the Clergy at home. (Laughter.) He had the pleasure of attending Mr. Ramsay's church in London; and his parishioners there equally esteemed him with his most intimate friends here. This was the fourth occasion on which he had witnessed presentations to Mr. Ramsay—once in the old country, and thrice in this. The enthusiasm here, on such occasions, was not so great as in the old country; nevertheless, he believed they did it from just as pure motives. As a whole, however, he believed the Clergy were more highly esteemed and their services more highly appreciated, in the mother country than in Canada. During the many years Mr. Ramsay had laboured here, the (Dr. P.) had been a parishioner. That gentleman was seldom absent from his post, and he trusted he might long live to occupy his present place. This was Mr. Ramsay's birth-day, being 55 years of age,—and he was sure the whole party present would join him in drinking his health and wishing him many happy returns of his natal day. Drank amid loud cheers.

Rev. Mr. Ramsay replied briefly,—thanking them for the manner in which the toast had been received, and trusting he would continue to merit the confidence heretofore reposed. He had experienced great comfort and happiness while going out and in before this people—and it was the sincere desire of his heart that mutual good fellowship would continue to prevail.

Mr. Gamble proposed the health of Dr. Ramsay. He had passed through his studies in a very creditable manner indeed; and although absent in body, he was certain he was present in mind.—Drank amid loud applause.

Dr. Pyne responded. He made no doubt Dr. Ramsay would secure friends wherever he might cast his lot, and would prove himself a worthy "chip of the old block." (Cheers.)

Mr. McClure, after paying a high compliment to the chairman as to his courtesy, zeal, ability, &c., proposed the health of the vice-chair pro. tem., Mr. Allan Ramsay. (Received with applause.)

Mr. Ramsay respouded briefly.

The chair proposed "Canada, our adopted country," which was drank with enthusiasm; after which two or three other volunteer toasts, and the company separated—all delighted with the happy and agreeable occasion they had enjoyed.

Christian Church.

We have received the minutes of the proceedings of the last annual conference of the above Church, held at Oshawa in September last. The following is the list of officers for the ensuing year:—

Elder G. W. COLATON.—*President.*
MR. A. N. HENRY.—*Secretary.*
SAML. DEARBORN, ESQ.—*Treasurer.*

From the report on churches, we extract the following—

"*Newmarket*—Members received, 2; withdrawn, 1; present number, 72.—Pastor; Elder T. Henry. Delegates: B. W. Howard, S. Howard and E. G. Irwin."

"*Whitchurch*—Number of members, 45; Pastor, J. Johnson. Delegates: V. Johnston, D. Law and J. McCully."

The next Conference will be held at Brougham,—commencing on the last Saturday in Sept., 1862, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

No tabular statement having been published, we are unable to show the exact position of the church as a whole; in many places, however, we find considerable accession to the membership.

The Conference is divided into seven districts; and the minister employed by each district (if single,) receives $175 per annum; if married, $100 extra, for his wife,—and for every child under 7 years $15; between 7 and 15 years, $25, with house-rent free and all perquisites.

Midland Division.

Rumor says that circulars are already distributed, calling a conference of the leading Ministerialists to take into consideration the availability of candidates for this Division. So far as we can hear, the discarded of South Simcoe, Mr Robinson, is to be the man of their choice—than whom the Reformers of this District could not desire a better opponent. It is well the secret has leaked out thus early, as North York, with the assistance South Simcoe will be able to give can now prepare for the contest with a moral certainty of success,—and will be the better prepared to strike such a blow to Ministerialism as to drive the last vestige of it from the constituency. For many years the gentleman spoken of as likely to represent Cartier & Co., was a member of the Lower House; and it is, therefore, fair to presume, that what he did then—the votes he then gave—the speeches he then made—the dodging he then practised, will still continue part and parcel of his creed. Should it turn out true, that Mr. Robinson is the man selected as the champion of the Government, on a future occasion we shall take the liberty to criticize more fully his late Parliamentary career, and give a few of his choice votes.

But while our opponents are at work preparing for the coming contest, Reformers have yet to take the first step. True, one or two names have been mentioned; but no definite action has been taken. As North York and South Simcoe are united for this election, we think it would be well that arrangements be made soon for a conference of the leading men of both sections,—in order that the proper steps for the convocation of a Convention to select a candidate, may be taken, so as to be prepared for any emergency. Forewarned is to be forearmed; and to be fully prepared for a strong opposition will enable the party to come off victorious, no matter who the Ministry may send as their candidate. Meanwhile we advise the electors to take no pledges—but wait until the respective candidates are in the field before promising their suffrages.

Municipal Indebtedness.

It will be recollected by most of our readers, that a couple of weeks ago we took an extract from the Kingston *Herald*, in which that journal advocated *indirect* taxation to meet the engagements of insolvent Corporations—giving a bonus to solvent Municipalities as a *sine qua non*. Since then a meeting of Delegates from Western Cities has been held, to take the matter into consideration. After setting forth his original scheme, the *Herald* of last week says—

"Such we thought were the only measures which the cities of Hamilton, London, Toronto, and other places overwhelmed with debts beyond their means, would ask or dare to hope for. But it seems we entirely misjudged the modesty of these pauper cities. The meeting of their delegates in Toronto shows their game to be entirely a grab one, in which they mean to help themselves all the honors. It is not municipal debts *par et simple* which they intend to press the Government to assume, but only Railway debts, only relief from the load assumed by a few places in the west, in their insane and greedy rivalry for trade, and to increase the value of the property of speculators by constructing Railroads with other people's money. Thus an entirely different programme from that which we anticipated and the Western Municipal Junto, may take our assurance, that Central Canada will to a man resist any such unjust demand.

For the reason set forth in the above extract, that these works were constructed by speculators, for private advantage, we protest against saddling the heavy liabilities incurred, upon the County of York and other solvent Municipalities.—It would be a great injustice.

To Correspondents.

A letter from Mr SUTHERLAND, in reply to the attacks made upon him, has been received, but is unavoidably crowded out this week. While on this point, we may as well remark, we consider it time this whole correspondence was brought to a close. Mr. SUTHERLAND is entitled to a reply and shall have the privilege; but our town friends should remember we have 800 or 900 country subscribers who are not particularly interested in the subject matter of their letters: and we have their interests to serve as well as those of the village. We have taken no part in the discussion and have no interests to serve beyond eliciting the truth,—so that the people may know upon whom to saddle the blame. After giving Mr. SUTHERLAND's reply, the matter had better rest:—unless those interested in continuing the correspondence desire an *extra published for the village circulation*. They can then write from now till the election is over if they like.

East Gwillimbury Council.

The above Council met on Saturday last. All the members present. The Reeve in the chair.

Communications from Wm. Mainprize and Wm. Purdy, petitioning against the establishment of a certain line of road.

The Council, on motion of Mr. Doan, seconded by Mr. Holborn, then resolved itself into Committee of the whole on the above communications and By-laws relating to the establishment of the roads referred to. Mr. Stiles in the chair.

The By-law for establishing the road allowance in the 4th Con., near Wilson's saw mill, was brought up for consideration. Mr. Purdy was heard, and his proposition accepted; but on Mr Wilson claiming compensation also, the Council thought it was paying "too dear for the whistle," and on motion of Mr. Doan the By-law was deferred for future action of subsequent Councils.

The By law for establishing a line of roads across lots Nos. 1 to 10 inclusive, near the centre of the 8th Con., was then taken up.

Mr. Wm. Mainprize sent a communication protesting against the By-law.

The Reeve said he was on the ground when the survey was made, and Mr. Mainprize then expressed his willingness to have the road established, and he was surprised to hear of the protest. Besides Mr. Mainprize had not appeared to-day, either by counsel or personally, as the law directs. His protest was not according to law.

On motion of Mr. Parnham, the By-law was read a second time.

The next By-law was for the establishment of the road advertised in the 6th Concession.

On motion the Committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again. Report read and adopted.

The Reeve then left the chair for one hour.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council at once resumed its session.

Committee of the whole on the By-law to establish a road in the 6th Con.

Mr. Holborn was in favor of passing the By-law, and would move to that effect. He thought it would cost far more to make the road in the old allowance than would pay for the new twice over. Motion adopted.

Committee rose and reported as above. The Council then adopted the report.

Mr. Stiles said he learned from the *Newmarket Era*, that application had been made to the Clerk of this Council for the privilege of examining the books relating to its affairs, &c., between this Municipality and Holland Landing. He should like to hear of the Clerk whether the statements were correct.

The Clerk said the charge of his being unwilling, or even intimating that he was unwilling, to make search or give information, he denied from beginning to end. He was willing to give all the information in his power; but said he would not enter into the examination of his Treasurer's books without instructions from this Council. He did not refuse free access to all papers; but said that he could not afford the requisite time to assist in the search gratuitously. To hunt up all the information Holland Landing Council wanted, would take up a couple of days.

Mr. Stiles said there was also published a statement to the effect that this Council had been dishonest and uncourteous in answering their communications. He was not aware of any such communications, and asked the Reeve if there had been any such correspondence.

The Reeve said they had received but one communication that was legally made—that of asking this Council to go into arbitration on the Clergy Reserve money. To this the Clerk of this Municipality had replied. Another letter had been received without the seal of the Corporation, setting forth they had appointed an arbitrator; but they had consulted legal authority, and had been advised to take no action. He was really surprised at the remarks of the Reeve of Holland Landing and other members of the Council, as he believed they had not sufficient grounds for the remarks made.

Mr. Holborn said he was determined not to do anything calculated to make himself personally liable. If Holland Landing Council thought they had a claim, they had better test it. He had come to the conclusion to vote for no action until compelled to it by law. The Holland Council would be very clear from doing what they now ask us to do. They base their claim upon a Statute passed last session; but this Act was prospective and not retrospective. The matter then dropped.

Mr. Holborn moved, seconded by Mr. Stiles, That leave be granted to present a petition. Granted.

This petition asked for leave for a man named George Foster, to live on the road allowance of the north end of the second Concession. He was a poor man, and the public had put him up a house. They only wanted leave until the road was required for public use.

Council went into Committee of the whole on the petition. Mr. Shuttleworth in the chair.

Mr. Pearson appeared in person to oppose the granting of the petition. Foster's family were very annoying. A long discussion followed, in which the Council seemed to sympathise with Mr. Pearson. It was finally moved by Mr. Parnham, that the prayer be granted in so far as to give Foster leave to occupy the place during the current year.

The Committee rose and the Council received and adopted the report.

The By-law providing for establishing roads in the 6th and 8th Concessions, was then read a third time and passed.

Mr. Stiles moved, seconded by Mr. Doan, That when this Council adjourns it do stand adjourned until the third Sat. in December next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Parnham, seconded by Mr. Shuttleworth, That Mr. Stokes have leave till the 1st Sep., 1862, to remove the west fence on the line of road through the centre of the 8th Concession across his farm, an account of one field being sown with fall wheat. Carried.

Mr. Holborn introduced a By-law to provide for paying selectors of jurors, &c., which was read a first time, and the Council went into Committee of the whole on the same. Mr. Doan in the chair. In Committee, the blanks in the By-law were filled with $1:50 per diem for selecting jurors; and $1 per diem on Committees.

The Committee rose, and the By-law was read a third time and adopted.

The Council then adjourned.

Correspondence.

☞ We wish to be distinctly understood that we are not responsible for the opinions of our Correspondents.

Another Side.

TOWNSHIP OFFICE,
East Gwillimbury, Nov. 11, 1861.

To the Editor of the Newmarket Era.

DEAR SIR,—You will much oblige by publishing the enclosed copy of a communication sent by me to the Council of the Holland Landing, explaining the facts of a certain charge made before that Council by their Clerk, at their meeting on the 4th instant, a report of which meeting was published in your issue of the 8th instant.

I remain, sir, yours respectfully,
JOHN T. STOKES,
Town Clerk.

TOWNSHIP OFFICE,
East Gwillimbury, Nov. 11, 1861.

To the Municipal Council of the Village of Holland Landing:

GENTLEMEN:—In the *Newmarket Era* of the 8th instant, I noticed a report of the proceedings of your Council at its meeting of the 4th instant, and knowing that your Clerk has been instructed to make such reports from time to time, I consider that report as coming from him, therefore, authentic.

I should not now address you on that report, did I not consider that some mistake has occurred which led to the statement there said to have been made by your Clerk, and which has placed me, unless explained, (especially as it has been put in print) in a position calculated materially to prejudice my official character, and which seems to have already taken root, as manifested in the remarks reported to have been made by Mr. Willson, and concurred in by your Reeve. In justice to myself, gentlemen, I therefore claim the right thus to address you.

The mistake reported, to which I have reference, is in your Clerk representing to you that *his request for an examination of the books of this Township, in order to ascertain the amount of money which your village received when connected with it, and in order to gain further information respecting the disputed Reserve Money, was rejected by me.* In his making this statement, I emphatically state that Mr. Kennedy must have entirely misunderstood the nature of our conversation—for on no occasion, during the whole of my official career, have I rejected the request of any person to examine any books or papers held by me as Township Clerk; but, on the contrary, I have invariably assisted in leading such persons to the information they were seeking. I am clear on this, from the fact, if from nothing else, that the right of the public to search Municipal papers in the Clerk's office, is one of the many points in connection with my duty that was impressed on me when accepting the office, by particular circumstances in our Municipal history; and, that, I am not a likely person to so far forget myself as to infringe so plain a point of law. And more: So far from me even showing a disposition to refuse, I recollect referring to my Treasurer's books, and reading off several items to Mr. Kennedy relating to the matter.

The facts, as I understood them ran thus: Mr. Kennedy stated that he had received instructions to examine the books of this Township with reference to the claims of the Holland Landing. The request was made in general terms, without expressing the particular books or papers which he was desirous to examine; to which I replied, that it being a somewhat extensive enquiry, it would take a day or two to accomplish; when, after some conversation on affairs in general relating to East Gwillimbury and the Holland Landing, in no part of which did I intimate a refusal to allow the search, it not being pressed further by Mr. Kennedy, the matter dropped.—I think because Kennedy did not think it possible to accomplish the work required on that day.

The papers which I hold as Township Clerk, can, according to law, be seen at my office at any time; and as there is no desire on my part, nor, am I convinced, on the part of the Council of this Township, to keep anything a secret, I am willing, on receiving the assent of my superiors, which I am sure they will give, to allow any person authorized by the Holland Landing Council, the privilege to examine even my Treasurer's books. But it appears to me, that that portion of our conversation which Mr. Kennedy must have construed into or mistook for a refusal to allow the investigation desired, was my declining to assist in it without the assistance of a member of this Council, unless ordered by my superiors. This, I consider, I had a perfect right to do, without incurring the charge of acting either *illegally* or *uncourteously*, for it would be unreasonable to expect me to withdraw from any other business at a moment's notice, and give gratuitously, the time necessary to make the examination. I think, too, that it will be admitted, that my conduct towards the Holland Landing especially, has been uniformly obliging, having always shown it in my willingness to give any information on Municipal usages, both to members of your Council and to your Clerk.

I would also take the liberty of suggesting, that, judging from the report, a mistaken impression with regard to the extent of the right of the public to the perusal of books and papers belonging to a Municipality, seems to be entertained by some of the members of your Council; for it seems to be their opinion that the public has a right to peruse ALL books in my possession. But I submit, that no part of the Municipal Act requires that the books and papers of a Treasurer shall be opened for public inspection. Indeed, I do not think I have a legitimate right to grant it; and even though the offices of Clerk and Treasurer may be held by the same person, it does not alter the case.—Since then, as the enquiry which your Clerk was desirous of making, would necessarily lay mostly in my Treasurer's office, I think it will be seen, that I had, so far, the legal right of refusal, though I did not exercise it. I could not, therefore, have acted *illegally or uncourteously*:—illegally, because *I did not break the law*; uncourteously, because *I did not infringe on the rights nor privileges of any person.* And I might add, that I have no knowledge of having at any time, in any way, done anything detrimental to the interests of the Holland Landing.

Hoping, gentlemen, that this will be considered sufficiently explanatory to erase from your minds your former impressions.

I have the honor to remain,
Your most obedient servant,
JOHN T. STOKES,
Town Clerk.

P.S.—As the opinions which drew forth this communication have been put in print, I have left a copy of this for insertion in the *Newmarket Era*.

J.T.S.

The Yellow Placards—Startling Disclosures.

To the Editor of Newmarket Era.

MR. EDITOR,—Will you oblige me by laying before your readers the following interesting correspondence; it requires no comment at my hands, as it speaks for itself in a way that cannot be misunderstood. The public will now know and appreciate the honesty of a man who endeavoured by a bribe of $150 to Mr. Jacques, and a handful of bills to his daughter, to fasten a charge on an opponent, whose conduct they cannot by honourable means impeach. It is but justice to this poor but honest man to say, that he rejected the proffered bribe with the utmost scorn.

I am, &c.,
W. MCMASTER, JR.

Newmarket, Nov. 13, 1861.

[TRUE COPY]

NEWMARKET, Nov. 7, 1861.

MR. ALEXANDER JACQUES,—

DEAR SIR,—There are very painful rumors going the rounds here, to the effect that you were the printer of certain Yellow Placards, which appeared here last January, that it was I for whom they were printed, that they were paid for by me, and that my brother was more or less connected with it. I am induced to hope that the strong personal feeling which existed years ago between us, together with the fact that I have never seen you since I left Toronto, now three years ago, will not deter you from giving an early and unequivocal answer *as to who is the author of the Placards, and whether or no I had any hand, act, or part in the matter?*

In justice to me I hope you will frankly state, whether or no there is any foundation whatever, for the aforementioned rumors, so far as you are concerned. Your immediate answer will oblige.

Yours, truly, &c.,
(Signed) WM. MCMASTER, JR.

P.S.—It is more than probable that I shall require the publication of any correspondence that takes place between us.

W.M.M.

[TRUE COPY.]

TORONTO, Nov. 8, 1861.—10 A.M

DEAR SIR—I am to-day in receipt of your letter, and I must say, I don't wonder at your being compelled to write to me. You feared that a former misunderstanding between us might still be fresh in my mind. No: only you have reminded me of it. Still it is nothing. But to the point. Dr. Hunter and Mr. Trent have visited me; and I must say, I AM SURPRISED to hear them say that I have laid the charge of getting out the yellow bill (as you call it) to you or your brother.

Now, in the first place, I never for five years, have had a word *directly or indirectly* with you; nor have I, to my knowledge, seen your handwriting—except for your wedding cards—at the time of your marriage.

Second: I have no doubt you feel annoyed at being blamed, and I will merely add to this point, that I can say that you *had no hand whatever in the matter*. If any person has taken the liberty to say that I have uttered a word to that effect,—or written to that effect,—(excuse my English, but you know me,)—THEY TELL A D—D LIE.

Dr. Hunter and I have had conversation on the subject; he has often mentioned your name, *but I never did.* And, now, seeing that he and his friends are trying to fasten it on you, will only add: You have just as much right to say to them—'You got up—or your friends did—that placard,'—as they have to say so to you.

Yours, &c.,
(Signed,) ALEXANDER JACQUES.

WM. MCMASTER, JR.

[TRUE COPY]

TORONTO, Nov. 9, 1861.

DEAR MCMASTER.—Since addressing you last, I have seen a copy of the *New Era*, in which was published a letter from me, embodied in one from Dr. Hunter in it, stating that he has traced the yellow placard directly to you;" and also intimating that he has received such information from me.

Now sir, to speak boldly and plainly to you, and uninfluenced by Dr. Hunter's $150-offer, I am ready to come forward and prove to your satisfaction, and to the satisfaction of the inhabitants of Newmarket, that you, as an individual, or any on the requisition presented to me, (requiring me to state what I knew in regard to the yellow placard affair) have to my knowledge had no interest in the matter. And that as far as regards the printing of the yellow placard, *I do not know you* or any of you, as the authors of the same, or as ordering the same from me; nor have I had any conversation in regard to the same, until Dr. Hunter and Mr. Trent called upon me to try by their money, *to buy me up on the subject, by the offer of $150 if I would tell you was the author of the same.*

I now clearly and distinctly say that *you are not the author or originator of the aforesaid placards*, nor will I tell who is the author. And I will now merely add, that it is not honest or fair for Dr. Hunter or his friends to say who is the author until they have an affidavit from me relating to the facts,—which now they never will get.

Yours truly,
(Signed.) ALEXANDER JACQUES.

[TRUE COPY]

TORONTO Nov. 12, 1861.

WM. MCMASTER, JR., Esq.

DEAR SIR When looking over the *New Era* of last week, I mentioned in my letter to you that I observed a letter from me, addressed to Dr. Hunter, in regard to the Yellow Placard affair, but being hurried at the time, I merely glanced over the matter, not reading my letter, but through curiosity was induced to read it a second time, and you may judge of my surprise *to find that it had been altered.* I suppose to suit the purpose of those publishing it. This, however, shall not recur again for, after all the falsehoods that have been uttered concerning the matter, which have come to my knowledge, I shall take good care that neither the Doctor nor his friends get any more information from me on the subject, either by affidavit or otherwise.

My letter has (as published) *been altered.* I now in justice to you repeat what I have said before *that you are not the author of the Yellow Placard*, nor is your brother Charles McMaster in any way whatever, either directly or indirectly concerned in the affair.

I trust that I shall be harassed no more on the subject; nor have money offered to either myself or children by the Doctor and his friends, as a bribe.—for the Doctor should know that neither his *money, liquor, or oysters* are acceptable. I and I alone know the author, and only I shall know him. Surely, in the face of this the Doctor, (if a gentleman as he professes to be) will trouble me no further; but in accordance with his own words, viz:—"I only want you to give me that that will clear me in the eyes of my friends, and I shall then be satisfied, and *for which I will pay you well.*" I have done so in the letter I gave him, and which *altered*, he has published However, as he has asserted that my letter fastens the matter on you, I again, in conclusion, reiterate my former statements, that *you are in no way whatever cognizant of the publication whatever.* The Doctor will now understand, that no further offers of money, *especially to any of my little ones*, will be of no use, as they are entirely ignorant of all the matters of the *famous* Yellow Placard.

I am, dear sir,
Yours truly,
(Signed,) ALEXANDER JACQUES.

NOTE—The above are true copies, compared by us with the originals. In order to save correspondence on the subject we would state the letter over Mr. Jacques' signature last week, also copied from the original without alteration.—[ED. ERA.

King Affairs Again.

To the Editor of the Newmarket Era.

SIR: In a recent issue of the *Era* appeared a letter over the signature of Mr William Moore, containing a tissue of charges against me. With your permission I ask the privilege to reply.

The official situation which Mr. Moore now holds enables him to gratify his personal spleen against me, under pretence of serving the public interests. According to his own account he is a stern patriot—bent upon executing justice—desirous only of seeing right done. Good men, I know, sir, are scarce; but here is one who surpasses all his compeers.

The other members of the Council would be content to let the matter remain in abeyance. But the superior honesty, the superior shrewdness, the superior patriotism, and the bitter recollection that I refused to loan him money out of the Clergy Reserve Fund, all combined, render Mr. Moore ready to champion the public weal, and to revenge himself on me. Some ungenerous people will perhaps think that had I but accommodated Mr. Moore, his present patriotism would never have been heard of; that he would never have thought of lamenting to the public that whereas he had borrowed money at the rate of five per cent. the same money might have been made to produce fourteen; that his zeal for his constituents would have remained shut up in his breast—panting for expression doubtless, but still unexhibited. If I was wrong in loaning money to private parties, it was wrong in Mr. Moore to ask me to loan money to him.

The dilemma he sees, and seeks to escape from it by a reminder that he was not at that time in the Council. The fact makes no difference. A private individual may not feel called upon to trouble himself about the investment of public moneys; but he is equally bound with the official representatives of the people to abstain from endeavoring to cheat any Municipality. This Mr. Moore did not once see! His patriotism is of late birth! But that I had a right to invest funds Mr. Moore incidentally admits, by blaming me for not having it ready, when, as he says, I might have procured fourteen per cent. upon it. (This is a grievous sin, that had I loaned Mr. Moore that $1600 the loss would have been greater. Let the patriotic gentleman console himself with the fact that he was unwillingly rendering the township a service.

The circumstances under which I withdrew the funds from the Bank of Upper Canada, and placed in the care of Mr. Brett, I have fully explained. That a portion of the money is lost is true; but that I have not rendered an account of it is untrue. I paid over the dividend derived from the estate, and having done so, can have no further account to render. If Mr. Moore had placed in the hands of a clerk, if he employs one, $2000 to invest, and that clerk had chosen Brett's Bank; if, furthermore, Mr. Moore had endorsed the selection, by receiving, for a time, five per cent. on the money, knowing from whom it came, he would have no moral or legal claim for the principal when the bank failed—all (he could ask) would be the dividend. In that position am I. I had as much authority to place the funds in our bank as the other; and if the Council approved the choice, should have ordered me to make the deposit elsewhere. That my choice was unlucky I admit; but unfortunately I was not the only one who was deceived as to the solvency of the institution, and that I exercised the discretionary power with which I was endowed with the greatest caution, Mr. Moore must himself acknowledge when he remembers that I refused to loan him $1600!

Mr. Moore next says, that persons presenting orders on the township have been turned away to the tune of *no funds.* I deny the statement, and ask for proof. This I admit however, I told Mr. Moore I had no funds for him when he asked me for the $1600, and the tune has been ringing in his ears ever since; perhaps is this he alludes to.

In the course of his letter, this patriotic individual tells us some score times that had the Clergy Reserve Fund been available, the whole might have been invested at fourteen per cent. interest. He made the statement in a previous letter, and now brings what he calls proof. He says, that on the Nottawasaga debenture "we realized considerably over fourteen per cent." Now, what are the facts? These debentures, which cost $1588, were held only from May 7, 1858, to October of the same year, and were then exchanged for Collingwood debentures, amounting to the sum of $1430 for which in all was paid the sum of $3316 22, and matures in ten years from the 25th October, 1858, on which an annual interest of $264 expired, which, with the bonus given, would be a fraction less than eleven per cent. The Ingersoll debentures, amounting to the sum of $1000, cost $2900, on which an annual interest of $240 is paid, which, with the bonus given, would be a fraction less than thirteen per cent. If this be "considerably over fourteen per cent," Mr. Moore will perhaps prove it. Will he also tell the rate of interest he offered me, when he wanted to borrow the $1600? Was it fourteen per cent.? If not, how can he have the audacity to charge me with a direlection of duty for loaning money at a less rate?

I am next charged with borrowing money at a higher rate of interest, and with pocketing the difference between the banking rate and that which I obtained

liberty I have taken in occupying so much of your valuable space, and I beg to remain

Your obedt. Respectfully,
JOSEPH WOOD.

King, November, 1861.

Foreign & Colonial.

Loss of the North Briton.

She is a Total Loss on the Coast of Labrador!—All the Passengers Saved—List of Cabin Passengers.

QUEBEC, Nov. 11.

The following message was received here yesterday:—

From Father Point to Allans, Rae & Co.

On the 9th Nov. picked up the steamship North Briton's boat, No. 2, with 17 of the crew and one passenger—

Ashore on Mingan Island,
(Signed) CAPT. AMURAND,
Brig J. D. Deshler.

The Brig J. D. Deshler is an inward bound vessel that passed Father Point at 11 a. m. yesterday. She was far out, and, having signalled for a pilot, the Capt. sent the foregoing message ashore with the boatmen. A strong easterly wind, with frequent flurries of snow, prevailed at Father Point yesterday.

SECOND DESPATCH.

FATHER POINT, Nov. 11.

When the North Briton struck it was blowing a gale and was very dark. The ship continued striking very hard on a reef on Tuesday night and all Wednesday. She was expected to go to pieces every moment.

The boats, with their crews, broke away from the davits before being lowered. They could not be brought back till next morning (Thursday) after daylight, when all the passengers were taken off without accident and transferred to two schooners which landed them at Port Mingan, and a few at a house, about 9 miles below Mingan.

At Port Mingan, the passengers were housed in the store house, having but few blankets, *which were taken from the wreck, to sleep on.*

Her storerooms which are all under water, thus causing a scarcity of provisions.

The lower cabins are all broken up, and most of the baggage is lost.

Only four mail bags were saved, and these were completely saturated.

When the schooners left, with the third officer, for this point, the other schooner was coming off the west end of Anticosti to intercept the Anglo Saxon.

The following is a list of the passengers:—

From Quebec—Hon P. M. Vankoughnet and lady, Major Fielding, 60th Rifles and lady, Felix Morgan, lady and child; Felix Brière, Ralph Jones, M. Cone, John P. Strickland, A. W. Duncan, Fred Clark, and W. H. Coxille.

From Montreal—Dr. Woods, Thos. Dawson, and Mr. Robinson.

From Kingston—Capt. Bayley.

From Toronto—E. J. Smith, C. Jarvis, 87th Regt.; Mr. Price, Miss E. Price, Miss Allan, Capt. Lamarte, and lady, P. Pelham, and John Smith.

From Hamilton—Sir A. Mcnab and lady, and man servant—and 98 steerage passengers.

The Wentworth Murder Case.

Dempsey Sentenced to be Executed.

(From the Spectator.)

WENTWORTH ASSIZES, Nov. 11.

THE QUEEN VS. DEMPSEY.

The prisoner, who had previously pleaded not guilty, was placed at the bar for trial. Mr. O'Reilly appeared for the defence. The evidence which was given before the Coroner was published at the time, and the evidence on this occasion was very similar. The only additional point which was shown was brought out in the cross-examination of Dr. Ryall, who said that deceased was dropsical, and could not have lived many weeks even though she had not met violence; that the appearance of the brain and liver indicated that deceased had been of intemperate habits, and that seven or eight ounces of raw whiskey ran out of her stomach during the *post mortem* examination.

During the course of the trial the prisoner apparently took little interest in what was going on. Occasionally he would smile at some remark of a witness, but generally was indifferent. He has a very *forbidding* look, and is evidently a person of a low order of intelligence, of which fact Mr. O'Reilly availed himself in addressing the jury.

Mr O'Reilly contended that there was so many doubtful circumstances, and so many causes might be assigned for the death of Catherine Dempsey, that it would be very unsafe to conclude that she came to her death through the violence of the prisoner. He dwelt largely upon the appearance of long continued habits of intemperance exhibited on the brain and liver of the deceased, and argued that the probability was that her habits of life were the real cause of her death.

His Lordship read over the evidence to the jury and commented upon it at some length.

The jury remained out nearly three hours, and returned into Court, stating that they could not agree. His Lordship directed them to retire again.—About forty minutes after, the jury again came into Court with a verdict of "Guilty of Murder," accompanied by a recommendation to mercy.

His Lordship asked the prisoner if he had anything to say why the sentence of the Court should not be passed upon him.

The prisoner entered into a rambling statement of the case, admitting the beating as described in the evidence.

His Lordship then proceeded to sentence the prisoner. He stated that he agreed with the verdict of the jury, and although he would forward their recommendation to the proper quarter, he implored the prisoner not to rest any hopes thereon. The sentence of the Court was that he be executed on the 18th of December next.

Fearful Storm at Hatteras.

On the evening of Nov. 1st, a fearful storm visited the low sandy islands of Hatteras Inlet, lately taken by the Federal troops. All the lower portion of the island, where Forts Hatteras and Clarke are situated, were under water, and so sudden was the upheaving, and so violent the storm, that all chances of escape were cut off before the morning came. The waves breaking over the island swept away the tents of the soldiers. Men were suddenly washed out of their beds, and found all their clothes (what few had undressed) borne by the water to the Sound. Live stock, such as pigs, chickens, horses, cattle, dogs, cats, and cooking utensils, lumber, driftwood, boxes barrels, trunks, shanties, were carried forward, together with men on them; and in them, some jumping out of windows, some cutting their way through the roof, others jumping off into the water, which in many places was over their heads in depth, and making for a box or barrel in order to reach the roof of a shanty still standing. Fort Clark itself has been almost swept away, and had to be evacuated. Colonel Hawkins, commanding at Hatteras, has arrived at Washington, and has asked for a large force of workmen to be sent to protect the position from the effects of the winter storms, or else that the troops may be removed to Fortress Monroe. An attack from the Confederates is anticipated. They are said to be concentrating their forces on Roanoke Island, about fifty miles above Hatteras.

PARIS, Ky., Nov. 12.

The courier messenger, with dispatches to General Thomas, reports two days fighting with a rebel loss of 400 killed and 2000 wounded. The Union loss is small.

Generals Williams and Hawes were captured in the battle by General Nelson.

☞ On Wednesday a private of the 19th regiment attempted to set fire to the Belfast barracks.

☞ It is computed that 15,000 persons visited the Botanic Gardens, Dublin on Sunday, between the hours of two and seven.

☞ Sir Robert Peel has been visiting Archbishop Cullen, much to the disgust of the more vehement of the Protestant party.

☞ Mr. Benjamin Lee Guinness, the brewer, is now renovating St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, at a cost of £10,000 or £50,000.

☞ On Sunday last the new Roman Catholic Church in Batelia was dedicated. The building is 20 feet by 55, finished in Gothic style, and cost $800.

☞ Percussion caps are in future to have an increased detonating power, the component parts of fulminating mercury and chlorate of potash having been rearranged under the careful experiments of Lieut. Boxer, of the Royal Laboratory.

☞ The Confederate authorities have enrolled a number of Indians, and that there may be no doubt of the use they are to be put to, they have been named, "Yankee scalpers."

☞ The Norfolk *Day Book* is printed on brown wrapping paper. It is the only paper published in Norfolk, and says, as bad as the paper is, it has not enough of it to print more than one-fourth of its edition on. It has hopes, however, of being able to get a supply of white paper in a few weeks.

☞ Thorlow Weed and Archbishop Hughes are about to start for Europe, probably by the *Africa*, to endeavor to counteract the operations of the Southern commissioners and prevent the recognition of the Southern Confederacy by France or England. General Scott, it is understood, goes in the same steamer.

☞ At the Middlesex Assizes Henry Schram was convicted of assaults committed on Mr. Josiah Blackburn and Mr. F. Smith, during the last mayoralty election, and was fined $60 for the assault on Mr. Blackburn, and $20 for the assault on Mr. Smith. Peter Schram was convicted of an assault on Mr. Smith and sentenced to pay a fine of $8.

☞ Lord Mouck, the new Governor General of Canada, is about forty years of age, and an Irishman—being born in Tipperary—as well as a Peer of Ireland. He was educated at Trinity College Dublin, and called to the bar in 1841. In 1852 he was elected member for Portsmouth; and from 1855 to 1858 served under Lord Palmerston as a Junior Lord of the Treasury.

Married,

At King Station, on the 12th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Carmichael, *Mr. Martin McLeod* of Glengarry, to *Miss Mary F. Morrison*, of Newton, C. E.

Died,

In Newmarket, on the 12th inst., EMMA, eldest daughter of *Mr. Joseph Wood*, Painter,—aged about 14 years.

In Huron, C. W., on the 8th., EVA, only daughter of Mr. James Singley—aged about 2 years.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Nov. 14, 1861.

Fall Wheat—$1 07.
Spring Wheat—85c a 90c.
Oats—35c a 37c.
Peas—45c a 48c.
Other articles without change.

NEWMARKET MARKETS.

Newmarket, Nov. 15, 1861.

Fall Wheat 85 a 95c.
Spring Wheat 80c per bush.
Flour, $4 00 a 5 00 per bbl.
Barley, 40 per bush.
Peas, 45 cts. per bush.
Oats, 30 cts. per bush.
Potatoes, 20 cts. per bush.

Weakness and Debility.

All who suffer from weakness or debility, where there is a want of energy, should at once have recourse to JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS. They immediately purify the blood and act upon the main spring of life, giving strength and vigor to the system. Young persons entering into womanhood, with a derangement of the functions, and to mothers at the turn of life, these Pills will be most efficacious in correcting the tide of life that may be on the turn. Young and elderly men suffer in a similar manner at the same periods, when there is always danger, they should therefore undergo a course of this purifying medicine, which ensures lasting health.

This great Household Medicine ranks among the leading necessaries of life, as it is well known to the world that it cures complaints other remedies cannot reach; this fact is as well established as that the Sun lights the World.

Judson's Mountain Herb Pills are sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

New Advertisements.

Hides and Skins!

THE subscriber is prepared to pay the highest price for Hides and Skins, delivered at his establishment in SHARON. In case of his absence, they may be left at the *Store* of Mr. WM. DOAN, who will settle for the same.

A. BORNGASSER.

Sharon, Nov. 14, 1861 tf-40

PRIVATE DAY SCHOOL.

MRS. BAYLY and the Misses HACKETT, teachers of Music, French, English, and Needlework.

MILL-STREET.

Newmarket, Nov. 6, 1861. tf-39

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pork! Pork!

THE Subscriber will pay CASH for any quantity of Good Marketable Pork, Delivered at his Grocery Store, corner of Mill and Main Sreet.

JAS. NIXON.

Newmarket, Nov. 14, 1861. tf-40

County Grammar School, NEWMARKET.

Head Master, - - S. A. MARLING, M.A.

THE Autumn Half-term, commences on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18th. Pupils desiring BOARD, can be directed to suitable places on application to the head master.

Mr. Marling has time for two additional private pupils.

Newmarket, November 14, 1861. 2w-40

Oysters! Oysters!

THE Subscriber will be daily supplied during the season with the celebrated Count Oysters in Keg and Can, which he will sell cheap for Cash.

JAS. NIXON.

Newmarket, Nov. 14, 1861. tf-40

REMOVAL!

DR. HILLARY begs to inform his friends and the public that he has REMOVED to the house lately occupied by Mr. HENRY MACHELL, on

WELLINGTON ST., AURORA,

Where he will be happy to attend to all professional calls.

Aurora, Nov. 13th, 1861. tf-40

MONEY! MONEY!

Loans at 8 per Cent.,
UPON FREEHOLD PROPERTY.

THE CANADA
Agency Association, of London,
ENGLAND.

HAVING negotiated Loans to the extent of $1,000,000 upon Freehold Property in Upper Canada, within eighteen months after commencing operations, is prepared to negotiate further Loans, in sums

From $300 to $10,000,

And upwards, upon improved Farms at 8 per cent. interest, immediately the papers are completed.

Forms of application, and all necessary information may be obtained by applying to

A. R. ROSSIE, *Manager*;
Wellington-street, near John-st, Toronto.
Or to
ALFRED WILLSON, Jn.,
Newmarket,
Valuator to the Association

Newmarket Nov. 9th, 1861. 6m-40

Law Partnership.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership as Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c., under the style and firm of *McNAB & McDOUGALL.*

Office—Opposite Court House, Adelaide-st., Toronto.

JOHN McNAB. WM. McDOUGALL.

Toronto, Nov. 12, 1861. 3m-40

Sons of Temperance Canada West.

THE Officers and Representatives of the Grand Division Sons of Temperance are respectfully informed that the Annual Session of this body will be held at the Town of Oakville, on Wednesday, the 4th of December next, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

By kind permission the Representatives will be supplied by the Grand Scribe upon application to him, with "Ticket" to travel on the Grand Trunk Railway, there and back for "One Fare."

Early application for G. T. R. Tickets solicited.

By Order,
EDWARD STACEY,
Grand Scribe.

November 14, 1861. 1w-40

Notice and Caution!

WHEREAS my wife, *MARY CASEY*, has left my protection without any just cause, and has done so on several occasions heretofore; and as she is temporarily deranged and unsteady in her mind on those occasions, the public are hereby cautioned against giving her any credit whatever on my account; and that I am now, as I have always been, ready and willing to receive her to my house, and treat her with kindness and affection.

Any information of her whereabouts will be thankfully received by me.

OWEN CASEY,
Tottingham P.O., Tecumseth.

Nov. 9th, 1861, 1861. 3w-40

School Teacher Wanted

FOR School Section No. 5, Scott, possessing Second Class Certificate. Application to be made to the undersigned Trustees.

T. WASLEY, } Trustees.
L. WELLER, }
C. HILSE, }

Newland, P O, Nov. 14, 1861. 3w-40

NOTICE.

CAME into the enclosure of the undersigned on Lot No. 19, in the 3rd Concession of Whitchurch, on the first of September,

TWO BLACK SHEEP,

The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

DAVID RICHARDSON.

Whitchurch, Nov. 7, 1861. tf-40

CASH STORE
NEWMARKET!
R. H. SMITH.

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Newmarket, and surrounding country that he has recommenced business in his old Stand, corner of Main and Timothy-sts., where he is now receiving a large and well assorted Stock of

GOODS,

Suitable for the season, which for

Variety, Style, Quality and Price,

Will not be surpassed by any other establishment north of Toronto.

As it is *impossible*, in advertisement, to enume ate the various articles in Stock, suffice it to say, that it will be found complete in the various departments in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Fancy Trouserings, Cloakings and Canadian Cloths, Ribbons, Dress Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, Gloves and Hosiery, Furs, Crockery, Glassware, Shell and Heavy Hardware, Window Glass, Nails, Putty, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Coal Oil and Lamps, Patent Medicines, Fresh Groceries, Fine Flavored Teas and Coffees, Choice Tobaccos, Fruits, &c., &c.

As the subscriber intends to conduct his business on the

READY PAY PRINCIPLE

Feels assured that *CASH CUSTOMERS* will find it to their advantage to make their purchases at the *Cash Store.*

☞ Produce will be taken in Payment for Goods.

R. H. SMITH.

Newmarket, Nov. 6, 1861. tf-39

YOU DON'T SAY SO!

SHOW ME THE MAN who can equal the cheap bargains that the celebrated Individual, Mr. Wm Hopkins, offers at the Sign of the Mammoth Boot and Shoe, Main-st., Newmarket.

And I'll show you some of the

The Best Bargains

In this Good Grocery, I have ever seen,

—AT—

SIMPSON & TRENT'S,
Main Street,
NEWMARKET.

N. B.—Beware of the Humbugs that the creature who destroyed Simpson and Trent's Pollers, set up at the time of the fire, was prosecuting a very small business, any, indeed. That's our private opinion publicly expressed.

Newmarket, October 26, 1861.

E. HUGHES

Has Lots of

NEW WINTER GOODS

AT HIS

New Brick Store,

ONE door south of Simpson & Trent's, on *MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.*

You should call and see what splendid

Cloths, Flannels, Marines, and

FANCY DRESSES,

Hats, Caps, Gloves, Hosiery, Trimmings,

Boots & Shoes,

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

And then the

Tea, Coffee, Sugar,

And other Groceries, are of the best quality.

—ALSO—

Paint Oil, per Gallon,	- -	$1.00
Coal Oil	Do - -	80
Syrup,	Do - -	60

To say nothing of

Soap, per bar,	12½cts.
Candles, per lb.,	12½cts.
Starch per lb,	12½cts.

☞ N. B.—Gentlemen's Garments Cut and made to order, by a first-class workman and Warranted to Fit.

Newmarket, Oct. 21, 1861. tf-37

Edinburgh Life Assurance Co,

ESTABLISHED IN 1823.

AND

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

CAPITAL £500,000.

Accumulated and invested Funds considerably above Three-Fourths of a Million Sterling.

Edinburgh,	22 George-street.
Glasgow,	65 St. Vincent-street.
London	11 King William-st, EC
Dublin	35 North Cumberland-st

PRESIDENT:
His Grace the Duke of Hamilton and Brandon.

VICE-PRESIDENT:
Sir Graham Graham Montgomery, of Stanhope, Baronet, M.P.

MANAGER—Gilbert R Finlay.
SECRETARY—Wm. Dickson.

CANADA BRANCH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

CANADIAN BOARD, TORONTO:
The Hon. J. H. Cameron, M.P.P., Chairman.
J. W. Gamble, Esq. | J. B. Robinson, M.P.P.
Lewis Moffatt, Esq. | C. J. Campbell, Esq.
SECRETARY—David Higgins.
Medical Referee—F. M. Holmes, Esq., M. D.
Solicitor—Alexander Leith, Esq.
Bankers—Commercial Bank of Canada.

☞ *TABLE OF BONUS ADDITIONS paid on some of the Oldest Policies of the Edinburgh Life Assurance Company, varying according to Age and the Endurance on each Policy.*

No. of Policy	Age at Assuring	Age at Decease	Sum Assured	Bonus Additions	Total Amt Paid
629	43	64	£300 0 0	£233 15 0	£533 15 0
815	33	57	500 0 0	276 11 0	776 11 0
305	23	48	500 0 0	214 16 0	714 16 0
616	41	59	500 0 0	232 18 0	732 18 0
725	48	62	500 0 0	230 0 0	730 0 0
514	32	55	500 0 0	225 6 0	725 6 0
783	46	62	500 0 0	200 0 0	700 0 0
421	23	54	500 0 0	180 0 0	680 0 0
742	48	63	500 0 0	169 10 0	669 10 0
348	36	57	500 0 0	151 0 0	651 0 0
216	30	54	500 0 0	150 0 0	650 0 0
199	27	54	500 0 0	125 0 0	625 0 0
629	43	64	1000 0 0	233 15 0	1233 15 0
815	33	57	1000 0 0	276 11 0	1276 11 0
305	23	48	500 0 0	214 16 0	714 16 0
616	41	59	500 0 0	232 18 0	732 18 0
725	48	62	500 0 0	230 0 0	730 0 0
514	32	55	500 0 0	225 6 0	725 6 0
783	46	62	500 0 0	200 0 0	700 0 0
421	23	54	500 0 0	180 0 0	680 0 0
742	48	63	500 0 0	169 10 0	669 10 0
348	36	57	500 0 0	151 0 0	651 0 0
216	30	54	500 0 0	150 0 0	650 0 0
199	27	54	500 0 0	125 0 0	625 0 0

In a case of extension age a Policy of £500 was increased to £1122 13s.

LIFE ASSURANCE as an Investment is not for a few years, but on the average of lives, for upwards of twenty-five years, therefore insurers should consider well the quarter in which they thus embark their savings, to secure the future comfort and independence of their families.

The Canadian Board in Toronto have full power to accept risks, settle claims, and make Investments in the country, without reference to the Head Office, Edinburgh. They have already invested in Canada large sums of money, consisting not only of the amounts received from the business of the office since its establishment in Toronto, but also of the funds sent out for that purpose by the Head Office, Edinburgh; they therefore can offer to the public the advantages of a Canadian as well as a British Company.

Money to invest at reduced rates of interest.

Agent at Newmarket—W. STRACHAN McMURRAY, Solicitor, &c.

Medical referee — THOMAS FYNE, M.D., L. R. C. S. & P.

Newmarket, Nov. 1, 1861. 3m

EXTRAORDINARY

EXCITEMENT.

THE Subscriber would respectfully intimate to his customers and the community in general, that he has commenced receiving and will continue to receive throughout the season additions to

The Largest, Cheapest, and Most Varied

GENERAL STOCK

OF GOODS ever offered in Newmarket. Just received an immense variety of

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,
Family & General Groceries,
CHINA,
GLASS, AND
EARTHENWARE,

Which will be sold at the lowest possible prices.

☞ *An Early Call is Solicited.* ☜

WM. McMASTER, Jr.

Water St., Newmarket,
October 9, 1861. tf-36

SHERIFF'S

SALE OF LANDS

BY Virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the County Court, and directed to the Sheriff of the United Counties of York and Peel, against the Lands and Tenements which were of William Hinshead, deceased, and the suit of Edwin Welby, I have seized and taken in execution all the Right, Title, and interest of the late William Hinshead, in and to the East half of

Lot 35, in the 2nd Concession of East Gwillimbury,

In the County of York, containing

100 Acres, more or less,

situated on a good road, within 11 miles of Newmarket, between 60 and 70 Acres cleared, and in a high state of cultivation, well fenced, and with two good wells; also, a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

And suitable outbuildings, all of which property will be Sold by public auction,

on Sat., the 21th Day of Nov., '61,

At the Court House, Toronto, at noon.

F. N. JARVIS,
Sheriff U. C. Y. & P.

Sheriff's Office, Toronto,
November 4, 1861. } 2w-39

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Aurora Post Office, Nov. 1st, 1861.

Coates James	Harmon Obadiah
Cuthbertson Isabella	Keith John
Carnichon Mr	Lloyd George
Clark Mary E	McKinney Geo D E
Cunningham Hugh	Mulard Wm
Deans James	Raymond Monsieur L
Donor I	Stephenson Joseph 3
Fleury Oliver	Smith Samuel
Field John	Smith John
Fellows Henry	Scott Elizabeth
Foster William	Swerdlie Thos B
Gibson William	Wilde A
Gould Joseph	Wells H O
Gower Michael	Wilton Samuel
Hughey Andrew	Well Job
	Well John

CHAS. DOAN, *Postmaster.*

Lime for Sale,

AT THE Newmarket Steam Mills.
Apply to
TIMOTHY BOTSFORD.

Newmarket, Oct. 31, '61. tf-38

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Newmarket Post Office Nov. 1st, 1861.

Miss P Anstman	Lockwood H
Boiswell Mr.	Moore John
Brown Esq. Wm	Niger Susan
Borchard Ed	Singer S
Cain Miles	Summerville James
Campbell James	Smith John
Ford Tom	Stevens Francis
Graham John	Travis George
Grang Mrs	Tucker Nancy
Hunn Mr	Winters John
Hilyer Zenas	Wilbovern Thos.

WM. ROE, *Postmaster.*

Fire! Fire!

BEST Blacksmith's and Foundry Coals for sale at the N. R. R. Depot, Newmarket, at $8 per ton.

Apply to *Mr GREER*, Agent for Messrs *MYLES & Co.*, Toronto.

Newmarket, Oct 31, 1861. tf-34

W. MOUSLEY,
TAILOR &C.,

BEGS to announce to the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity, that he has succeeded to the business recently carried on by Mr. E STANDEN, where he is prepared to

Make all Kinds of Garments,

Suitable for the present season, at moderate prices.

Having been engaged for several years in some of the first establishment in London, England, he is confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who favor him with their patronage.

☞ Remember the old Shop, rear of Simpson and Trent's, Main-St.

Newmarket, Oct 24, 1861. 1y-37

TOWN HALL!

Who's to Pay the Piper!

THE Subscriber has no Chancery Suit to pay therefore he can sell cheaper than any other in the trade.

ANDREW HENDERSON.

Newmarket, Oct. 9, 1861. tf-36

R. FLEMING,

Saddle Harness & Trunk Maker,

Main Street, Newmarket,

SIGN OF THE SADDLE & COLLAR

CONSTANTLY on hand, Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Whips, Carriage Trimmings, &c.,—and having taken a prize at the late Provincial Fair at Toronto, and at nearly all the Township Shows in the County, he is satisfied his work will give satisfaction.

☞ Remember the place, two doors North of the North American Hotel.

Newmarket, Oct. 24, 1861. tf-37

GOOD NEWS FOR EVERYBODY

HAVING RECEIVED AN UNUSUALLY

LARGE STOCK
OF GOODS,

BOUGHT under the most favorable circumstances, and being compelled to sell, in order to clear them out by stated time, have

PARTICULAR OBJECT IN VIEW,

Intend to offer them at Prices that cannot fail to be an object to purchasers to

Examine before Purchasing Elsewhere!!!

The Stock Consists of—

DRESS GOODS, WINSEYS, BOOTS, PRINTS, FELT HATS, FEATHERS, SHAWLS, CAPES, CLOTHS, BLANKETS, BOOTS & SHOES, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, &c. &c.

Having adopted the system of Small Profits and

A Liberal Discount for Cash,

I feel confident that I can give satisfaction to those who may favor me with their patronage.

J. W. EDMANDS.

Aurora, Nov. 8th, 1861. tf-39

Old Things Passed Away!

WONDERFUL CHANGE AT AURORA!

R. BOYD & BRO.

BEG to inform the public that, owing to their great increase of business, they have largely extended their premises, and are now laying in a splendid stock of

SEASONABLE GOODS,

Clothing, Boots and Shoes,

And every description of

DRESS GOODS

At TWENTY Per Cent Lower than last Year,

To suit the hard times.

Millinery, of every Description and latest Style.

Unusually Cheap. ☞ All favorable to Aurora may depend upon it we will not be undersold.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

Aurora, October 24, 1861. tf-37

THE ONE PRICE STORE.

JOHN BENTLEY

IS now RECEIVING an IMMENSE STOCK of

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Which will be sold at the

☞ LOWEST PRICES. ☜

Coal Oil Lamps, and Coal and Rock Oil at Reduced Prices.

All Goods marked in plain figures. Call and Examine and save 10 Per Cent by Purchasing Cheap.

At the Old Brick Store Opposite the Post Office!

Newmarket, October 2nd, 1861. tf-34

JOSEPH ROGERS & SON'S

World renowned Spring, Pocket and Table CUTLERY.

SCISORS, RAZORS!

☞ All orders by mail promptly attended to.

RICE LEWIS & SON,
Sign of the Padlock,
TORONTO.

September, 23rd, 1861. tf-33

IMPORTANT TO

SHOEMAKERS & HARNESS MAKERS.

NEWMARKET TANNERY,

MAIN-STREET,

In rear of Mr. Wallis' Harness Shop, opposite the North American Hotel.

THE Subscriber is at present Manufacturing the following kinds of stock, namely:

Heavy and Light Upper Flesh and Black Grain,
Flesh and Black Grain Calf Skins,
Ditto Light and Heavy Harness Leather,
Fair Bridle and Saddle Skirting,
Belting and Lace Leather;

ALSO, FOR SALE, TANNER'S OIL.

N.B.—As the subscriber uses nothing in tanning his stock but pure cold bark liquors, he feels confident in recommending it to give satisfaction to the buyer. Also on hand,

An Excellent Lot of Spanish Sole Leather,

Suitable for Summer and Fall Trade. All of the above will be sold on the most

REASONABLE TERMS.

Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.

THOS. FOLEY.

Newmarket, July 11, 1861. tf-2

Support Home Manufactures
AND
SAVE MONEY!

THE undersigned, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto bestowed, begs to announce that he has now on hand a large and varied assortment of

STOVES

Embracing all the most approved Patterns and designs at present in use, together with a general stock of

Agricultural Implements,

Including Waggons, Sleighs, Cutters, Plows, Cultivators, Straw Cutters, Scufflers, Root Cutters, Sugar Kettles, &c., which he is prepared to sell

Below Toronto Prices,

For Cash or short approved credit.

FARMERS AND MECHANICS

Will find it to their advantage to give him a call before selecting elsewhere, as he is determined not to be undersold.

ALL ORDERS FOR

Steam Engines, Castings, &c

Executed on the shortest notice, with neatness and despatch.

S. SYKES.

Newmarket, Oct. 24, 1861. tf-37

New Bakery!

THE undersigned in returning thanks for past favors, would inform the inhabitants of Newmarket, and its vicinity that he has opened a

New Bakery on Main Street, opposite the North American Hotel,

Where will be found constantly on hand Bread of the best quality, also, Biscuits, Cakes, Confectionary, &c.

☞ He will be most happy to deliver bread at the residence of parties wishing it.

WILLIAM LEE.

Newmarket, October 9, '61. tf-36

THE CANADA
Life Assurance Company

Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED IN 1847. Capital—One Million Dollars.

Agent for Newmarket.

THOS. A. HARTON.

Newmarket, Oct. 21, 1861. tf-37

LAW NOTICE.

MR. DURAND, Barrister, of Toronto, will attend at the Newmarket Division Court on the 22nd Instant, at Richmond Hill on the 19th, at Markham Village on the 20th, at Georgina when that Court sits, and at King, Nobleton, on the 19th December. He can then and there be consulted on business at those Courts, and on legal matters generally.

Letters on Law matters will be punctually attended to.

Dated at Toronto, Nov. 5, 1861. nov8-3t

BRITISH AMERICA
ASSURANCE COMPANY

Established over a Quarter of a Century.

CONSIDERED by all to be the best institution of the kind. The company having capital invested in addition to our paid-up Capital, is one which should give a preference over others not having any real stake in the country, and naturally commended by the labors to insure their property among us. ☞ *Rates as low as any other Offices.* ☜

Agent for Newmarket,

THOS. A. HARTON.

Newmarket, Oct. 25, 1861. 1y-37

FOR SALE.

THE FARM near Newmarket, known as the "KENNEDY FARM," containing 100 acres

ONE HUNDRED ACRES,

75 acres improved, 25 acres of hardwood, well watered, beautifully situated, overlooking the Village; two good Orchards, House and large Barn, with outbuildings. Terms easy.

Enquire of Dr. FORD, Newmarket, or

JAS. F. BROWN,
Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Newmarket, October 3, 1861. tf-34

Farm for Sale!

FOR SALE, the West part of Lot No. 84, in the 1st Concession of Whitchurch, containing 10 ACRES more or less, all under a good state of cultivation, within one mile of the Village of Aurora. There is a Frame Dwelling House, with frame outbuildings, on the premises.

☞ For Terms, address,

J. LOUNT,

Aurora, Oct. 3, 1861. 3m-34

Royal Insurance Company!

FIRE AND LIFE.

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

HEAD OFFICE,—LIVERPOOL & LONDON.

Manager Toronto Branch - - F. H. Hayard, Esq.

INSPECTOR, - - ALEXANDER DATHSON.

EVERY description of Fire and Life Insurance business transacted at the most moderate rates of Premiums. Losses promptly adjusted at Toronto without reference to the Parent Office.

"The Royal" has ever distinguished itself by its promptness in the settlement of claims.

ALFRED WILLSON, JR.,
Civil Engineer, &c., Newmarket.

October 3, 1861. tf-34

TAKE NOTICE!

MRS. BOND,

WOULD announce to the Ladies of Newmarket, and surrounding country that she has just received a large

Stock of Millinery,

Suitable for the season consisting of

MANTLES,
FELT HATS,
FEATHERS,
FLOWERS, &c.

Also, a variety of

VELVETS AND CLOTHS,

Which she can recommend to the public.

N. B.—Mrs. B. would remind the public that she is prepared to remodel Felt Hats to the present style and fashion on short notice.

All Orders Punctually Attended to.

☞ Remember the place Mr. Fleming's old stand nearly opposite the North American Hotel, Main Street, Newmarket.

MORE GIRLS WANTED!

September, 26, 1861. tf-33

H. THOMPSON,
PREMIUM
SADDLE & HARNESS
MAKER,

Opposite Mrs. Forsyth's Hotel, Newmarket

CONSTANTLY on hand and made to order on the shortest notice, everything in the trade.

☞ Intending purchasers would save money by calling before selecting elsewhere.

Newmarket, July 25, 1861. tf-

NOTICE.

CAME into the enclosure of the undersigned, on or about the 1st of Oct., *EIGHT LAMBS.* The owner is requested to come and prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

D. WILLOUGHBY.

North Gwillimbury, Oct 29, '61 tf-33

New Millinery Goods.

MRS. BOND'S

Millinery Show Room

Is now Open for the Season.

☞ *A Call Respectfully Solicited.* ☜

Newmarket, Oct. 9, 1861. tf 36

GENTLEMEN,

M'CLAFFY'S Tailoring Establishment is one door North of T. Nixon's Store, and that is the place where you can have fashionable garments made to order,

By First Class Workmen.

THOS. CLAFFY.

Newmarket, Oct. 16, 1861. tf-30

House to Let.

A COMFORTABLE and commodious Dwelling house to let, containing 8 rooms, with a good well of water and cistern attached to the premises; also, a good stable and other outhouses. Situated on the corner of Timothy and Prospect Streets, Newmarket.

For particulars apply to

M. W. BOGART.

Newmarket, Oct. 17th, 1861. tf-36

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, etc., supplying at the same time, the means of Self-Cure, by one who cured himself, after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By paying postage. Single copies may be had of the author. NATHANIEL MAYNIN, Esq., Bedford, Kings County, N. Y.

October 16, '61. 3m-36

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY GOODS!

MISSES LEGGE & GALE,

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed since commencing business in this place, beg to announce that they are now in receipt of their

Fall & Winter Stock,

Embracing all that is new in style and fashion, and which will be sold at prices to suit the times. Intending purchasers would find it to their advantage to call before selecting elsewhere.

Felt Hats Altered to the Latest Style.

Main-st., Newmarket, Oct. 10, 1861. 3m-36

Amusement.

☞ A poor fellow who once pawned his watch, says he raised the money with a lever.

☞ Making the thing even.—We can get the Southern *seed* if we can't get their co ton.

☞ Love is a compound of honey and gall, mixed in various proportions for customers.

☞ A parent's forgiveness of a daughter when her heart is broken, is pardon after execution.

☞ An unpoetical Yankee has described ladies' lips as 'the glowing gateways of beans, pork and sourkrout.'

☞ "Ike," said a pedagogue, "how do astronomers measure the distance to the sun?" "Why," replied the young genius, "they calculate one-fourth the distance and multiply by four."

☞ Many who would not utter a falsehood, are yet eternally scheming to produce false impressions on the mind of others, respecting facts, characters and opinions.

WANTS.—Virtue wants more admirers; Wisdom more suppliants; Truth more real friends, and Honesty more practitioners. Religion wants less said about the theory, and more done in the way of practice.

JUDSON'S
Mountain Herb Pills.

ABOVE, we present you with a perfect likeness of TECUMSEH, a chief of a tribe of the strongest Aztec Nation, that once ruled Mexico. You will find a full account of him and his people in our Pamphlets and Almanacs—to be had gratis, from the Agents for these Pills.

The inventor and manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in travelling, having visited nearly every country in the world. He spent over six years among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was then that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" were discovered. A very interesting account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all diseases arise from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The Blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is at once distributed to every depot of the body. Every nerve feels the poison—all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure spring, from which was a daily supply, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discolored. So quickly does impure blood by to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed; and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon dies out.

These pills act only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This ANTI-BILIOUS Medicine expels from the blood the bilious seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and secretions pure and sweet, clearing and revitalizing the vital organs.

Present indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach, a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to leighten with the dark of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Blood Complaints,	Debility,	Inward Weakness,
Colds,	Hardness of the Breast,	Liver Complaints,
Chest Diseases,	Headaches,	"Vapours of Spirits,
Consumption,	Indigestion,	Bone and Joint
Dyspepsia,	Influenza,	Secondary Symptoms.
Diarrhœa,	Inflammation,	
Dropsy,		

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞ The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tarascas, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—*The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., on each box.*

B. L. JUDSON, & Co.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 50 Leonard Street,
NEW YORK.
☞ FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS ☜

Carlton's Condition Powders,

THE GREATEST MEDICINE FOR

Horses, Cows, Sheep and Hogs.

THE receipt for *CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS* was obtained by us at a great expense, many years since. They are the Original and Genuine Articles, and although *crowds* of scurvy imitators have tried to counterfeit them, the name "*CONDITION POWDER*" is all they can imitate. Do not deceived—shun all other *so-called* Condition Powders, and get the

Genuine Carlton's

And your stock will show you the difference by their improved appearance, the glossiness of their coats, their renewed appetite, health and vigor. Nothing can equal these powders as a Condition Medicine.

The *CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS* given according to directions, are the best thing in the world to *strengthen* a horse, and to restore him to health and vigor, after severe exposure or hard driving.

These Powders cause a healthy action of the digestive organs, and purify the blood of animals, thereby equalizing the circulation of the blood, and imparting vigor to the whole frame. This soon demonstrates itself by an improvement in the appearance of the coat, for it is a certain fact that no animal can be in perfect health if the coat be rough and unthrifty.

CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS

Will be found a *perfect tonic and restorer* after attacks of any acute disease, such as Influenza, Strangles, Inflamation of the Lungs, Nasal Gleet, &c.

Everyone who owns stock of any kind should use these *CONDITION POWDERS*. They will keep all kinds of stock healthy and in good heart, and make them fatten much easier and quicker than otherwise would.

☞ Remember this Caution.

Find the signature in full on the wrapper of each package, J. CARLTON, *Comptroller.*—This is the only test of the *true Carlton's Condition Powders!*

Take no "Condition Powders" without this signature.

DR. BENTLEY, Agent. 1y31

Take Notice

THAT application will be made to the Provincial Parliament at its next sittings, for an Act to authorize ARTHUR BOOTHPEE, of the Village of Newmarket, in the County of York, to avail himself of the various periods he has served in various offices of practising Attorneys, to make up the time required by Law for obtaining the necessary admission and certificate to practice as an Attorney and Solicitor in the Courts of Upper Canada.

Newmarket, Sept. 25, 1861. tf-33

Take Notice,

THAT the undersigned has authorized *WM. E. COYLER*, to sell Lumber and collect for him at Valley Mills.

GEO. B. MILLER.

August 22nd, '61. tf-23

Mr. F. A. MAYNARD,

TEACHER OF MUSIC,

WHO is now engaged by the Newmarket Brass Band, is ready to engage pupils on

Piano, Violin, Flute, Guitar, &c.

On reasonable terms, which may be known on application to him at the Railroad Hotel.

Mr. M. also, wishes to announce that he has been engaged in teaching

DANCING,

In the Principal Cities in the United States, and that he is now prepared to teach the latest and most fashionable dances of the day.

☞ Engagements for teaching Brass and String Bands in the neighboring country attended to.

Brass or String Bands,

Furnished private or public parties, on reasonable terms.

☞ *Pianos Tuned on Short Notice.* ☜

Newmarket, Sept. 12, 1861. tf-31

TO MERCHANTS
And Millowners!

RICE LEWIS & SON keep constantly on hand best

DOUBLE ANCHORS.

BOLTING CLOTHS,

all numbers, from 00 to 12, at lowest prices, and forwarded to any address by mail, when desired.—free.

Mill, Circular, Bolting, and every other description of

Warranted Saws.

BEST OAK TANNED LEATHER

AND

INDIA RUBBER BELTING,

—all sizes, from 1 to 18 inches wide.

Lacing Leather, Rivets and Burrs.—Hemp and India Rubber Machinery Packing.

Agents for J. & J. TAYLOR'S *Fire and Burglar proof*

SAFES.

☞ These were the only safes that proved to be good at the great

FIRE AT LINDSAY.

Other manufacturers' were worthless.

FIRE PROOF SAFE

In stock and for sale at manufacturer's prices.

No prudent business man should be without one.

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.

Toronto, Sep. 23, 1861. tf-33

GLORIOUS NEWS.

PEACE TO THE WORLD

AND

PLENTY for the POOR!

JUST call and see the enormous stock of

Confectionary and Fruits,

In endless variety, at

WM. THOMPSON'S STORE,

And when they are gone, he is prepared to find more.

WM. THOMPSON,

Begs to thank the inhabitants of Newmarket, and the country at large, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since commencing business in this place,—and also to intimate, that having engaged a

FIRST CLASS WORKMAN,

From Mr. Nasmith's Bakery, at Toronto, he is prepared to furnish all the

COUNTRY TAVERNS WITH CAKES,

of all descriptions, and at Toronto Prices,

FOR CASH ONLY!

He will commence baking

MUFFINS AND CRUMPETS

This season, and will have them on hand about the 20th of September.

Remember the address—

WM. THOMPSON,
Baker, Confectioner, and *American Fruit Dealer.*
MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.

August 23, 1861. tf-29

New Green Teas, Sugars, &c.

DON'T MISS OUR PRESENT BARGAINS.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the residents of Newmarket, and the farmers of the surrounding country that he has just received a splendid large lot of

NEW GREEN TEAS,
SUGARS,
TOBACCOS,
CHEESE,
RICE,
RAISINS,
CURRANTS,
VINEGAR,
SOAP, &c., &c.,

Which he offers at very different prices to which they will be required to pay for the same goods a fortnight hence, and would recommend his friends to call or send their orders without delay.

Fine Souchong Breakfast Teas at 2s. 6d. per lb
Superior do English do do at 3s. a 3s 6d do.
Splendid Young Hyson, do at 3s 6d a 3s 9d do.
(There is not another lot of Green Teas in Toronto at anything like the money.)
Fine Swe t Bright Dry Porto Rico Sugar, 10½, 11, and 12 lbs. for $1.
Nice Sup Tobacco, 1s. 3d. per lb. worth 1s 6d per lb. by the box.
Finest Arracan Rice, 23 lbs for $1, (dirt-cheap)
Raisins (best table) 6s a 7½d per lb or 11 a 9 lbs for $1, (a reduction from the above by the box.
As before the best Soap in the city 7½d per Bar or 9 Bars for $1.
Vinegar, (strong enough to pickle nails,) 1s 3d per Gallon.
The above is only a sample of our present bargains.
P.S.—The conductor of the New Street Railway will bring you to our door.

DUGALD CRAWFORD,
Corner of Yonge & Agnes-Sts.
Toronto, Sept. 19, 1861. tf-32

Wrapping Paper!

JUST RECEIVED, a good supply—from 30cts. a Ream upwards,—at the

NEW ERA OFFICE.

March 1, 1861. tf-3

Northern Railway of Canada.

ON and after MONDAY, SEPT. 2th, 1861, Trains will run as follows:—

TORONTO.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Mail - - 7 15 A.M.	Express - 10 30 A.M.
Express - 4 10 A.M.	Mail - - 8 15 P.M.

COLLINGWOOD.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Express - 5 30 A.M.	Mail - - 12 20 P.M.
Mail - - 3 00 P.M.	Express - 8 15 P.M.

Mail Train leaving Toronto at 7 15 a.m., connects with new steamer *Emily May*, on Lake Simcoe daily, which makes the trip round the Lake to Orillia and return in time to connect with Mail South same evening to Toronto.

Mail Train also connects daily with steamer *Clifton* at Collingwood, for Thornbury, *Meaford*, Cape Rich, and Owen Sound.

J. LEWIS GRANT,
Superintendent.

Northern Railway Office,
Toronto, Aug. 2, 1861. } tf-30

STEAM GRIST MILL
For Sale.

FOR Sale, the QUEENSVILLE STEAM GRIST MILL, containing One Boiler, 18 horse power Engine, two run of stones, and 1 Acre of Land attached.

Conditions of sale as follows:

Cash down - - - - - -	$770
2nd instalment 1st Sep., 1862 -	900
3rd do. do. 1863 -	900

with interest from date of purchase, and the balance in payments of $400 per annum, with interest; or upon such other terms as may be agreed upon.

☞ For further information apply to John Soule, and Wm Cane, Queensville; or of the undersigned on the premises.

GEORGE GREGORY.

Queensville, Sep. 18, 1861. tf-32

NEW STOVE

TIN & COPPER WAREHOUSE.

Directly opposite the North American Hotel, Main-Street,

NEWMARKET

THE Undersigned, in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in business, respectfully intimates that he has just received a large and varied assortment of

COOKING, BOX, PARLOR, HALL AND BED-ROOM STOVES,

Which he will sell at the lowest remunerative profits. Constantly on hand, all kinds of Tin Ware. Having added to his stock the whole of the

EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

TIN-WARE, &c.,

Embracing the STOCK-IN-TRADE of Mr. GEO. MORTIMER, the whole will be disposed of

Cheap for Cash.

Also, on hand, a splendid assortment of

Fancy Bird Cages!

☞ Orders for Tin Roofing, Eave Troughing Plumbing and Bell Hanging, promptly executed.

COPPER WORK,

In all its branches, neatly executed, and on the most Reasonable Terms, such as

Copper Stills, Pumps, Steam-Pipes, Brewers' Kettles, &c.

Being a *PRACTICAL PLUMBER*, he is prepared to execute orders for the fitting up of Water-Closets, Sinks, Cisterns, Pumps, Hot and Cold Water Baths, &c., &c.

Old Brass, Copper, Lead, and Rags taken in Exchange for Tin-Ware; likewise Farm Produce.

W. S. WAITE.

January 25, 1860. tf-50

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT ONE.

MONEY, TIME AND LABOR SAVED

BY USING THE

Canadian Family

SEWING MACHINE!

Manufactured at Newmarket, C.W.

THIS is the only genuine Canadian Machine in the Province, and is considered by competent judges to be the

CHEAPEST, MOST SIMPLE, MOST DURABLE MACHINE BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

Finest Fabrics or Leather

with equal advantage.

EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED!

These Machines are manufactured by the "Canadian Family Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, at Newmarket, C. W., and have given UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION, and are really the cheapest before the people.

PRICE (*Stand & Treadle complete*) $27.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

To whom a liberal allowance will be made, thus affording

A RARE CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY ON A SMALL CAPITAL.

☞ Orders sent by mail punctually attended to. Needles constantly on hand.

For particulars, address (post paid) the "Canadian Family Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, NEWMARKET, C.W."

Newmarket, July 10, 1861. tf-22

LOCK, STOCK AND BARREL!

THE undersigned being desirous of disposing of his village property, offers

FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS,

That well known business stand lately occupied by the *New Era* Printing Office, with Garden Plot; also the

DWELLING HOUSE,

On Mill Street, with every necessary convenience attached, at present occupied by himself. This property will be sold cheap for cash, or

Exchanged for Farm Land,

As the proprietor has a large family and would prefer residing in the country.

ALSO, 33 ACRES,

Adjoining the Village, well situated, having a commanding view of Newmarket, and the major part under a good state of cultivation: together with

Twenty Acres of Bush Land,

Situated within three miles of the above Lot Titles indisputable. To any person desirous of purchasing village property, the above opportunity affords a rare chance.

JOSEPH WOOD.

Newmarket, May 29, 1861. tf-16

Farmers, Attention!

EXAMINE THE LATEST IMPROVED

FANNING MILL!

BEFORE buying any other Fanning Mill—considered by competent judges, to be the best constructed mill before the Canadian public for separating Oats from Spring Wheat, Peas from Oats, and for cleaning, in fact, all kinds of grain. This mill stands unrivalled, is made of good

DURABLE MATERIAL,

And is, from its construction, the best for farmers use in the Province.

They are manufactured by the undersigned, at Richmond Hill, to whom all orders should be addressed.

☞ Farmers would do well to call and examine this Mill, when passing down Yonge-St. Orders left at the residence of Mr. Southard, at Newmarket, will receive prompt attention.

Shop—Within Eight Rods of Rosand's Hotel.

SOUTHARD, BOYNTON & Co.

Richmond Hill, July 11, 1861 tf-22

TO LET,

THE Store and Dwelling now occupied by *Mr. J. BOND*, next to *Mr. T. NIXON*,

Main Street Newmarket,

The Premises are situated in the best business part of the Village. Further particulars may be had by application to Mr. T. Nixon, or *Mr.* D. Sutherland, or the subscriber.

ROBERT COOKE.

Newmarket, *March* 14, 1861. tf-5

☞ *Globe* to copy one week in daily and send account to this office immediately.

The People's Great Books!

ANY of these books will be forwarded by mail, post paid, to any address, on receipt of price by JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher, No. 617 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE!

The Horse and his Diseases:

BY

ROBERT JENNINGS, V. S.,

Professor of Pathology and Operative Surgery in the Veterinary College of Philadelphia, Professor of Veterinary Medicine in the late Agricultural College of Ohio, Secretary of the American Veterinary Association of Philadelphia, etc.,

WILL TELL YOU of the Origin, History and distinctive traits of the various breeds of European, Asiatic, Africa and American Horses, with the physical formation and peculiarities of the animal, and how to ascertain his age by the number and condition of his teeth; illustrated with numerous explanatory engravings.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU of Breeding, Breaking, Stabling, Feeding, Grooming, Shoeing, and the general management of the horse, with the best modes of administering medicine, also, how to treat Biting, Kicking, Rearing, Shying, Stumbling, Crib Biting, Restlessness, and other vices to which he is subject; with numerous explanatory engravings.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU of the causes, symptoms, and treatment of Strangles, Sore Throat, Distemper, Catarrh, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Broken Wind, Chronic Cough, Roaring and Whistling, Lampas, Sore Mouth and Ulcers, and Decayed Teeth, with other diseases of the Mouth and Respiratory Organs.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU of the causes, symptoms and Treatment of Worms, Bots, Colic, Strangulation, Stony Concretions, Ruptures, Palsy, Diarrhœa, Jaundice, Hepatirrhœa, Bloody Urine, Stones in the Kidneys and Bladder, Inflammation, and other diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Urinary Organs.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU of the causes, symptoms and Treatment of Bone, Blood and Beg, Spavin, Ring-Bone, Sweenie, Strains, Broken Knees, Wind Galls, Founder, Sole Bruise and Gravel, Cracked Hoofs, Scratches, Canker, Thrush, and Corns; also, of Megrims, Vertigo, Epilepsy, Staggers, and other diseases of the Feet, Legs and Head.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU of the causes, symptoms and treatment of Fistula, Poll Evil, Glanders, Farcy, Scarlet Fever, Mange, Surfeit, Locked Jaw, Rheumatism, Cramp, Galls, Diseases of the Eye and Heart, &c., &c., and how to manage Castration, Bleeding, Trephinning, Bowseling, Firing, Hernia, Amputation, Tapping, and other surgical operations.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU of Rarey's Method of taming Horses; how to Approach, Halter, or Stable a Colt; how to accustom a horse to strange sounds and sights, and to Bit, Saddle, Ride, and to Break him to Harness: also the form and law of WARRANTY. The whole being the result of more than fifteen years' careful study of the habits, peculiarities, wants and weaknesses of this noble and useful animal.

The book contains 384 pages, appropriately illustrated by nearly One Hundred Engravings. It is printed in a clear and open type, and will be forwarded to any address, postage paid, on receipt of price, half bound, $1.00, in cloth, extra, $1.25.

The Family Doctor:

CONDENSED IN SICKNESS

BY

PROF. HENRY S. TAYLOR, M. D.

TAYLOR'S FAMILY DOCTOR has reached an enormous sale, and wherever known, is universally approved, both by the faculty and others. In plain language, free from medical technicalities, it gives you simple remedies, easily obtained for the cure of Disease in all forms, with important rules for preserving the health, and directions for the sick chamber, and the proper treatment of the sick.—The Diseases of Childhood, the Diseases of Manhood, and the Diseases peculiar to Woman, are all treated of in a clear and practical way. Always at hand, and ready to serve you, the simple recipes of this book may soon save you much suffering and many times the cost of the volume. It is printed in a clear and open type, and illustrated with appropriate engravings. Neatly bound in cloth, price, $1, or in leather, $1.25.

The Life of our Lord & Saviour Jesus Christ.

BY REV. JOHN FLEETWOOD, D. D.,

CAREFULLY REVISED BY

REV. JOSEPH BELCHER, D. D.

The Life of Jesus Christ is the philosophy of true religion. It exhibits the Principles of Christianity in their purity and beauty. It is perfect excellence personified, that the mind of man may grasp it, and be changed into the same image. The inspired writers have given it to us in detached descriptions. Dr. Fleetwood has arranged those in one harmonious whole with such comments, explanations and incidental information as to render it alike acceptable to the scholar, as to "him who knows no more, but knows his Bible true." Belcher's revised edition contains the Lives of the Apostles, History of the Jews, and an Essay on the Evidences of the Bible. It is printed in a clear and open type, in one royal octavo volume handsomely illustrated, and will be furnished in the following style:—

Cloth extra, - - - - - Price,	$2 00
Law Sheep, - - - - - "	2 50
Cloth, Full Gilt, - - - - "	3 00
Roan, Full Gilt, - - - - "	3 50

The Holy Bible

For Family and Pulpit Use

Our Editions of the Holy Bible are unequalled for their durability, finish, elegance and completeness; no effort having been spared to render them perfect in every respect. Besides the Old and New Testament, each style contains the Apocrypha Concordance, Psalms in Metre, Canne's Marginal Notes and References, and valuable tables of Scripture Measures, Weights, Coins, &c. The text corrected according to the Standard of the American Bible Society. They are all printed in large sized type, in one royal quarto volume, with a neat Family Record and Illustrations.

1. Emb. Leather, Marb. Edges, Gilt Back and 10 Engravings -	$3 75
2. Emb. Leather, Marb. Edges, Gilt Back and Sides, and 8 Colored Engravings, - - -	5 00
3. Roan, Full Gilt Edges Back and Sides, and 14 Steel and Colored Engravings, - - -	7 00
4. Extra Paper, Im. Turkey, Full Gilt, 14 Steel Plates, Maps and Illum.,	9 00
5. Extra Paper, Turkey Morocco, Full Gilt, 18 Steel Plates, Maps and Illum, - - - -	12 00
do do do Antique,	12 00
6. Extra Paper, Turkey Morocco, Full Gilt, 18 Plates, Maps, Illuminations and Clasp, - -	15 00

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men in selling the above and other popular works of ours. Our inducements to all such are exceedingly liberal.

As these books are unequalled in their mechanical execution, as well as value of their contents, a certain and rapid sale follows their introduction everywhere.

For single copies, or for terms to agents, with other information apply to our address

JOHN E. POTTER, Publishers,
No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

March 27, 1861. 1y7

Farm, Park and Building Lots
FOR SALE!

THE undersigned offers for sale that well known and beautifully situated farm, being the rear part of Lot No. 81, in the 1st Concession, of Whitchurch, consisting of

75 ACRES

More or less—about 60 of which are cleared and under good cultivation. There is a Dwelling House also, Barn and other out-buildings already erected, and its close proximity to good markets, make it a desirable property.

Also, One Timbered Park Lot,

On Centre Street, in the Village of Aurora—containing 3 Acres; together with

EIGHT BUILDING LOTS,

Situated in pleasant parts of the above Village. If the above property is not sold shortly at private sale, it will be put up at Auction.

For terms and particulars apply to the undersigned at Aurora.

R. W. JAMES.
JOSHUA LACKIE.

Aurora, December 19th 1860. tf-15

BOOTS & SHOES
FOR THE MILLION.

Competition the Life of Trade!

JOHN WILSON,

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage extended to him since commencing business, begs to announce that he is now in receipt of his

SPRING & SUMMER STOCK,

Which for variety, style and price, exceeds anything heretofore offered in Newmarket, and embraces

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. &c.,

Manufactured from the best material at prices which

DEFY COMPETITION.

As he is determined not to be undersold by any shop in this section of country, intending purchasers would do well to give him a call before selecting elsewhere, if they desire to

Save Money.

Remember the place, opposite the North American Hotel, Main Street Newmarket.

☞ *All Orders Punctually Attended to.*

As he personally superintends the work manufactured at his shop, the public may rely on getting the worth of their money.

Newmarket, May 9, 1861. tf-13

TORONTO
Wholesale Stationers and Paper Manufacturers!

BUNTIN, BROTHER & Co.,

3 & 4 Commercial Buildings, Yonge st.,

BEG to intimate to their numerous customers and the trade generally, that their stock will always be found replete with every description of goods in the Stationery Department:

Blank Books of Every Description,

All the National School Books at Publishers Price. We would call special attention to our stock of

Writing, Printing and Wrapping Papers,

These goods being all our own manufacture, we sell at much lower prices than those imported from Britian.

☞ TERMS LIBERAL! ☜

Toronto, April 26, '60. tf-11

NEWMARKET

Steam Cabinet Manufactory!

THE undersigned, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed during the last twenty-one years, begs to state that having added a

Steam Engine to his Establishment,

And run it four years successfully, he is satisfied of his ability to manufacture

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER

Establishment in—to aid. He keeps constantly on hand, for sale, every description of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

He would also call particular attention to his newly patented

CHEESE PRESS,

Made of durable material—well adapted for the purposes for which it is designed, and well worthy the attention of farmers.

☞ *All orders punctually attended to.* ☜

FUNERALS FURNISHED

On the shortest notice—as usual; with or without a Hearse. Coffin Trimmings, Plates, &c., on hand for sale.

JOSEPH MILLARD.

Newmarket, July 18, '60. tf-23

ENGLISH CHEMICALS

General Drugs and Medicines!

DR. BENTLEY

HAS always in stock a complete assortment of the above, all of which are warranted genuine.

Persons requiring Medicines which can be relied on will do well to call, as they may depend on obtaining what they need and obtaining it fresh, pure and at a

REASONABLE PRICE!

PURE COD LIVER OIL,

The Hypophosphates of Lime, Soda and Iron, Quicine, Morse's Indian Root Pill, Vermifuge, and a supply of Botanic Medicines just received. Also,

Trusses, Syringes, Sponges, &c., &c.

Physicians and Dealers Supplied on liberal Terms.

The Drug Store, Corner of Main and Water Streets.

Newmarket, Aug. 4, '59

NEW CABINET SHOP!!

J. & H. WARNER,

BEG respectfully to intimate to the inhabitants of Newmarket and surrounding country, that they have recently opened a

CABINET FURNITURE WARE ROOM,

Botsford's Old Stand—Main Street.

And are now prepared to execute all orders with which they may be favored in the newest style, and at low prices.

☞ *ALL WORK WARRANTED.* ☜

Newmarket, Feb. 24, '59. tf-2

PHOTOGRAPH & FINE ART

Picture Gallery!

THE Subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newmarket and vicinity, that having received a full-sized first class Instrument from New York, he is now prepared to execute Portaits of every description from

LOCKET TO LIFE-SIZE,

In a style superior, and at prices lower, than was ever before offered to the people of Newmarket.

☞ As Mr. C. will only remain in this place for a short time an early call is solicited.

LANDSCAPE VIEWS, &c.,

Taken on Reasonable Terms.

WM. CRAIG, Artist.

Newmarket, Aug. 22nd, '61. tf-28

Farm for Sale!

87 ACRES of Good Land—a piece of which is cleared, being part of Lot No. 14, in Lake Concession, North Gwillimbury. For further particulars apply to Mr. GRIEVE, Newmarket.

☞ All letters to be Post-Paid.

Newmarket, Aug. 1, 1861.

MONEY SAVED
Is Money Earned.

THE undersigned, in returning thanks to his numerous friends and customers for past favors, respectfully informs them that having recently enlarged his store and very much

INCREASED HIS STOCK,

He will offer work at the following greatly Reduced Prices:—

Men's French Calf Boots, from	$4.00
Men's Kip Boots, "	3.25
Men's Coarse Boots, "	2.75
Men's Coarse Cobourgs, "	1.37½
Women's Balmoral Boots, "	1.37½
Women's Calf Boots, "	1.50

And a great variety of children's and Misses Shoes, from 27 cts. upwards.

Farmers Produce Taken in Exchange!

Don't forget the "Old Stand"—Sign of the

BIG BOOT!

Opposite the North American Hotel, Main Street, Newmarket.

B. LEE.

April 18th, 1861. tf-10

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE,

ON Wellington Street, in the Village of Aurora. For particulars, apply to

CHARLES BRELSFORD.

Newmarket, July 18, 1860. tf-21

NEWMARKET

Stove, Copper, Tin, Iron, and Japan WAREHOUSE!

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed to the firm of HODGE & SON, the undersigned respectfully intimate to their customers and the public generally that the business will hereafter be conducted by

J. & J. HODGE,

And having lately purchased those commodious premises lately occupied by Mrs. SARAH DAVIS, our Shop has been removed there where will be found constantly on hand a large assortment of

COOKING PARLOR AND BOX STOVES,

Of the newest designs and latest patterns; Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware; Cistern Pumps, and Lead Piping.

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware manufactured to order on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing to purchase anything in the above line of business, will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine this Stock before selecting elsewhere.

☞ Old Cast Iron Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Rags, Sheepskins, Furs of every description, and Farm Produce, taken in exchange for Goods. ☜

J. & J. HODGE.

Newmarket, Dec. 25, '56. tf-11

Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale that desirable Farm, being composed of Lot No. 10, in the 6th Con. of East Gwillimbury.

85 ACRES, CLEARED,

Well Fenced, and under a good state of Cultivation

A Frame Dwelling-House.

Frame Barn, and other Out-buildings are already erected. There is also an excellent Well, and a first-rate

YOUNG ORCHARD PLANTED.

The Farm is a very desirable one, being well situated, and convenient to places of business

BENJAMIN OUGH.

East Gwillimbury, May 10, 1861. tf-13

MEDICAL HALL,
NEWMARKET.

DR. NASH having recently returned from Europe and the United States, takes this opportunity of tendering his thanks to the inhabitants of Newmarket, and surrounding country, for their kind patronage conferred up on him for the last twenty years and solicits a continuance of the same. He begs to state that he has imported a choice selection of

Drugs and Chemicals,

Which he will dispose of at a small remuneration. He has a very extensive assortment of Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Syringes and Sponges, also a variety of Surgical and Pharmaceutical apparatuses.

Pure Cod Liver Oil always Fresh

December 13, '60. tf-4

TO LUMBERMEN.

FOR SALE,

IN the Township of King a good

STEAM SAW-MILL,

situated in a district of excellent pine timber with five acres of GOOD LAND, and a well finished frame-house, and good new barn—This property is situated two miles from a R.R. Station, will be sold on long credit and very cheap. The Mill is in perfect order and nearly new.

For particulars enquire of

BENJ. PEARSON.

Aurora, Aug. 7th, '60. tf-27

To Dairymen & Farmers.

Jebb's Celebrated Telegraph Churn!

THE undersigned having purchased the right for this County, to manufacture the above Churn, are now prepared to

SUPPLY ALL ORDERS

With which they may be favored. This Churn specially commends itself to

DAIRYMEN AND FARMERS,

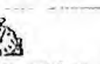
As it will make more butter and of better quality from any given quantity of Cream, than any description of Churn now in use,—and in much less time. The Patent took a *PRIZE MEDAL* at the Annual State Meeting of Dairymen of New York as the best and most durable ever brought before their notice, and the Churn is now in general use in the United States as well as in the various Counties in Canada in which it has been introduced.

The Churn may be seen at a few of the principal Stores in Newmarket,—at the Cabinet Shops; or at Ford's Steam Mill.

PRICE—86 CASH.

J. & T. BOTSFORD.

Newmarket, Aug. 22, '60. tf-28



REMOVAL.

W. DIETERLE,

Watch & Clock Maker, Joweler &c.,

BEGS respectfully to announce that he has removed to the premises so long occupied by Mr. Thomas Nixon directly opposite the North American Hotel, and is now prepared to execute all orders with which he may be favored.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., neatly repaired and Warranted.

Constantly on hand, a general stock of

JEWELLERS GOODS!!

Mrs. DIETERLE.

WOULD announce to the Ladies of Newmarket, and vicinity that having made large additions to her

Millinery Stock,

Embracing Hats, Caps, Flowers, Cloaks, &c., she is prepared to supply her customers with Millinery Goods of the latest styles, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ A CALL RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

Goods made up to order on the shortest notice.

Newmarket, May 16, 1861. tf-14

CABINET WAREHOUSE

Corner of Main & Mill Streets,

NEWMARKET.

THE Subscriber in returning thanks to his friends and customers for past favors, begs respectfully to solicit a continuance of the same,—and would intimate that he has now on hand, and is constantly making, a general assortment of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Consisting, in part of

Bureaus, Tables, Cupboards, Bedsteads, Centre Tables, Sofas, &c.,

He is also manufacturing

WINDSOR CHAIRS,

From good *SPLIT TIMBER*, and warranted to give Satisfaction.

A CALL IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

Funerals Furnished on *SHORT NOTICE*—Coffins Ready-Made,—Hearse to Let—☞ Coffin Trimmings always in hand, and for Sale. ☜

SAMUEL ROADHOUSE.

Newmarket, February 14, '61. tf-1

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY,

Chartered by act of Parliament,

Capital 100,000.

Home Office, Toronto.

President, - - - I. C. GILMOUR,
Vice President, - - THOS HAWORTH.

DIRECTORS.

GEO. MITCHIE, W. HENDERSON,
JAMES BEATY, RICE LEWIS,
WALTER MACFARLANE, T. P. ROBERTS.
M. P. HAYS.

ANGUS MORRISON, Sol'r.
R. STANTON, Sec. & Treas.

The Subscriber has been duly appointed Agent in Newmarket, for the above Company, and will give personal attention to parties desirous of effecting Insurance &c.

T. NIXON.

Newmarket, Feb 17, '54 tf-2

NEW
Millinery Establishment!!

MISS CARLINE

BEGS respectfully to intimate to the ladies of Newmarket and neighborhood, that she has

OPENED A MILLINERY STORE,

In a part of the shop occupied by Mr Carling as a Boot and Shoe Store. Her Stock embraces the newest styles in

Hats, Bonnets, Caps,

And General Millinery Goods, and will be sold at a small advance on cost.

Millinery work made to order on the shortest notice.

Straw Hats and Bonnets

Cleaned and altered to the latest styles.

Newmarket, April 10th, '61. tf-9

BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT,
AT SHARON!

THE subscriber, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto bestowed, begs to announce that he has on hand a general stock of Ladies' Gents and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &c.,

Manufactured by experienced workmen, in the latest styles, which will be sold at

Prices to suit the Times.

SEE THE FOLLOWING:—

Ladies and Children's Kid Slippers from - - 25cts to $1.50
Men's Calf Boots, made to order from - - - $5.00 to $6.00
" Coarse Boots, - - $3.00 to $3.50

A Call Respectfully Solicited.

Boots and Shoes made to order on the shortest notice.

CHAS. HAINES.

Sharon, May 22, 1861. tf-15

BOOTS A